Medical.

E UNFORTUNATE.
EDIES, NEW REMEDIES

Gibbon's Dispensary,

ARNEY STREET,
R COMMERCIAL,
Established in 1854
ent of Sexual and
se, such as Gonor
rrhœa, Syphilis,
Seminal Weakness,
Skin Diseases,
and Ulcerated Sore
ted

has the pleasure of announcing that on
rom visiting the principal Hospitals of
resumed practice at his Dispensary, on
corner of Commercial, San Francisco,
atients and those requiring his services

s spared neither time nor money in pro-
medies, and has returned with increased
alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.
housands of persons, both male and
who are suffering from a miserable
fects of secret indulgences, require
easystem! Look at their pallid, sunken
od faces and their broken-down constitu-
ying them for the happiness of
nt life. In this horrid
ill death closes the scene
ds, attend to those who are
errible life-destroying maladies
y and cured before it be too late.
ly to Doctor Gibbon, physician
sexual specialist and
rs the most unrivaled and
erious drugs. It cures
ad, or to those who are
friends, to be careful
wholefast all cases, and
reases in a few days
the names of ordinary
arsaparilloe. Be therefore careful
or you may fall into the hands

Seminal Weakness.
ndons, the consequence of self-abuse,
rs of sexual imbecility,
domestic infelicities,
ness, such as Lack of
ervous Irritability,
ness, Dyspepsia, or
Confusion of Ideas,
ness, Trembling,
Dimness of Sight or
Face, Pimples on the
Eruptions of the Skin,
Nocturnal Emissions,
Spermatorrhœa, and
ases requiring a Physician's skill and
reatment.

MARRIED MEN,
ering from
ness, or
ing upon them
Ref.
LIBBON is responsible, and will
ctual treatment, binding himself
ure cure, or make no charge.

CURED AT HOME.
Patients may be cured
a letter to Dr. GIBBON
ate the disease be
are forwarded, in
ain part of the country
ing Ten Dollars to
the Postoffice or three
ne of medicine will be forwarded
ions strictly confidential.
P. PERRON,
San Francisco.
TO POST BOX 1,0
FREE
dents will please be
ription and
ddress.
ly&dpt

ARK'S LONDON PREPARATIONS.
SPECIAL COPY

Morning Oregonian.

VOL XI. PORTLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 16, 1871. NO. 36

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single subscription, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $2.50 for three months. Liberal rates to clubs.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label. Papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid.

OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street, one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21, Merchants Exchange, California street.

Professional Cards.

DR. CHR. SCHUMACHER,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Graduate of Georgia Augusta University, in Gottingen, Germany.
Office—111 First street, opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon.
RESIDENCE—Clay street, corner of Second. ndtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL,
HOMŒOPATHIST,
Having returned from the WILD, EXTRAVAGANT MEDICAL WAR, can resume him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.
His Long Practice in Oregon enables him to treat cases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, Jan 10, 1884. dtf

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.
RESIDENCE & OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square.
Will attend to calls in the City, within the limits of Portland, or in the country.
Terms for Visits and Instructions given on the use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent. jan13dtf

Law Cards.

W. W. THAYER. R. WILLIAMS, Formerly of Salem.

HILL, THAYER & WILLIAMS,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
Will practice in Federal and State Courts.
Office—No. 106 First St., (over Postoffice, Portland, Oregon. dtf

JASPER W. JOHNSON,
LAWYER,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFICE—On the ground floor in Bidwell & Upton's Building, opposite American Exchange. dtf

SHATTUCK & KILLIN,
Attorneys-at-Law
OFFICE—In Parrish's Brick, south side Washington street, between Front and First, Portland, Oregon. d&dawtf

J. C. HAWKINS. J. A. WATKINS.
SIMPSON & WAYMIRE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICE—In Patten's Brick, State St., Salem, Oregon. dtf

C. P. DENNY. J. J. HENDERSON.
DENNY & HENDERSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICE—Odd Fellows' Building, Portland, Oregon. dtf

C. H. UPTON.
CIBBS & UPTON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING,
First and Alder sts., Portland, Oregon

WE GIVE AN ABSTRACT OF LAND TITLE to Portland, and give particular attention to Land Suits. 6Nov7

W. W. CHAPMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFICE—In Vaughn's Brick, Up Stairs.

WILL ATTEND THE UNITED STATES SUPREME Court the coming winter, and give attention to all matters of importance that may be intrusted to his care. Reports of the Supreme Court of Oregon, from July 30, 1870. an10dtf

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
CORVALLIS, OREGON. dtf

P. WALLER. E. V. ROGERS, Notary Public.
WALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
OFFICE—Odd Fellows Temple, No. 101 First St., Portland
Particular attention paid to collections. tf

JAMES F. BROWN,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, and Notary Public,
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.
Conveyancing in the English, French, German and Italian Languages. d&dtflp

THOS. J. DRYER,
NOTARY PUBLIC
FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY.
Corner of B and North Ninth Sts., Portland. an12dtf

JOHN C. CARROLL,
Attorney-at-Law
Notary Public for Oregon, and
Commissioner of Deeds for the States of California and Nevada, and Washington & Idaho Territories.
OFFICE—S. E. Corner of FRONT and STARK STREETS Opposite Cosmopolitan Hotel, at Ferry Landing. fe2dtf

Business Cards.

C. W. BURRAGE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Office No. 113 First street. Residence, cor. College and Fifth Sts. dtf

HUNTINGTON & BELLION,
Plain and Ornamental Plasterers.
CUSTOM PIECES AND COMPOSITION ORNAMENTS at Lowest Prices.
Particular attention paid to Cementing Fronts of Buildings.
SHOP—Yamhill street, between First and Second. jy4dtf

A. L. KNOWLTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
Particular attention given to measuring Brick work, Plastering, &c.
OFFICE, Over Parrish, Atkinson & Woodard's, corner of Front and Alder streets. ja25dtf

P. VAN FRIDACH,
FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS
STORE,
No. 105 FIRST STREET,
Opposite the Postoffice.

REMOVAL.
RUMMELIN & GUTTMANN,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
ALL KINDS OF FURS
CAN BE FOUND AT
104 Front Street,
Opposite W. Carrier & Co.
Orders promptly filled. REPAIRING and CLEANING done at reasonable terms.
The Highest Price Paid for Raw Furs. mr4dtm

Notice.

PORTLAND, March 10, 1871.
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY notify all persons not to harbor or trust my wife, Alida Rothwell, as I will pay no debts contracted by her. JAMES ROTHWELL. mr11dtf

Banks.

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
ESTABLISHED, 1859.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.
o13dawtf

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital..... $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—6 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.

Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected, Loans Made on available securities.

jy1dtf EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

Fire Insurance.

UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
CAPITAL STOCK, Fully Paid in
Gold Coin $750,000 00
SURPLUS, Gold Coin 287,390 75
Total Amount Capital and Surplus..$1,037,390 75
Assets in Gold 30th June, 1870:
LOANS on Real Estate and Collaterals..$799,000 00
United States and other Stocks..... 66,073 85
Real Estate (416 and 418 California St., San Francisco)..... 90,500 00
Cash Items and other Assets..... 81,816 90
$1,037,390 75
$50,000 DEPOSITED IN OREGON.
Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
CHAS. D. HAVEN, Secretary
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
General Agent for Oregon and the Territories.
EDWIN D. HACKENSTOS,
Special Agent.
oct7dtf

AGENCY FOR
BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD,
CELEBRATED FOR ITS STRENGTH AND EVENness of Thread. Made from the finest quality of
IRISH FLAX,
And put up with special reference to the RETAIL TRADE, so that all numbers may be sold at one price.
We solicit OREGON DEALERS, in sending forward their orders to order some of
BARBOUR'S THREAD,
For a single trial will establish its superiority over all other Linen Threads in the market.
For sale by all respectable San Francisco Dry Goods Importers.
PHILLIPS, BROWN & CO.,
AGENTS FOR MANUFACTURERS,
125 Sansome street, San Francisco. fe5d3mlp

THE MEDAL AND FIRST PREMIUM

WERE AWARDED TO P. LIESENFIELD by the Mechanics' Institute Fair, San Francisco, for the
BILLIARD TABLES,
Which he is constantly manufacturing at 637 Sacramento street, San Francisco, and where he keeps on hand a good assortment to fill orders. Also, Sole Agent for the celebrated Improved KAVANAGH & DECKER'S PATENT BILLIARD CUSHIONS, patented March 9, 1869. d22d3mlp

NEW MEDICAL WORK.
"THE PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE,"
FOR THE
DEBILITATED NERVOUS SYSTEM,
DR. LOUIS J. JORDAN,
THE PROFESSOR OF THE ANATOMICAL MUSEUM, Montgomery street, near California, San Francisco, has published four of his most important and instructive lectures in a neat volume for those who cannot attend the lectures delivered at the Museum. Every Unmarried and Married man should read and study these important Lectures for the good of himself and offspring.
By addressing the Secretary of the Anatomical Museum, San Francisco, inclosing 25 cents in postage stamps, to pay postage, the Book will be forwarded to any part of the States and Territories. ap26d1y1p

CARMEN ISLAND SALT
WARRANTED PURE.
ROCK, COARSE GROUND, DAIRY AND TABLE SALT, always on hand and for sale in quantities suit.
HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
jun3dtf Sole Agents, San Francisco.

Notice.

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE "PORTLAND TOBACCO Works" must be presented to the undersigned for payment before the 20th inst., or they will not be allowed.
LEHMAN BLUM,
March 1, 1871. mr1d20t 49 Front Street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
SUNDAY SCHOOL, CLASS, QUESTION AND SINGing Books from the Mass. S. S Union American Tract Society and VARIOUS OTHER PUBLISHER'S HOUSES. For sale cheap, at the N. E. corner of First and Jefferson streets. 24tf

Newspaper Ink.
2,000 LBS. NEWS INK IN 50 LB. KEGS For sale by HENRY L. PITTOCK, No 5 Washington street, Portland

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
n17dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President

SPECIAL NOTICE.
OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
MONTICELLO & MALARIA.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE
STEAMER FANNIE TROUP,
CAPTAIN JOHN W. BABBIDGE,
WILL MAKE
Tri-Weekly Trips to Monticello,
Leaving Portland Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 o'clock A. M.
Leaving Monticello Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M.
PASSAGE.....TWENTY FIVE CENTS
FREIGHT.....ONE DOLLAR PER TON
The FANNIE TROUP will come up through Willamette Slough on Wednesdays and return through Slough on Thursdays. J. C. AINSWORTH, President
Feb'y 20, 1871. fe20dtf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
Freight Notice for Upper Columbia.
FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1871, the classification of Freight into First, Second, and Third Class will be discontinued. The following rates of freight will be charged per ton (ship measurement) to-wit:

Portland to Dalles	$15 00	per ton
" " Umatilla	25 00	"
" " Wallula	30 00	"
" " Lewiston	50 00	"

Flour and Green Fruit will be charged as follows:

Portland to Dalles	$10 00	per ton
" " Umatilla	15 00	"
" " Wallula	20 00	"
" " Lewiston	30 00	"

There will be no change in rates of Down Freight.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.
March 5, 1871. mr5dtf

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.
NOTICE.
STEAMERS
ALERT AND SENATOR
WILL LEAVE THE COMPANY'S DOCK, FOOT of "A" street, Portland, every morning, Sunday excepted, at SIX AND A HALF O'CLOCK, and Afternoon at TWO O'CLOCK, connecting at
OREGON CITY,
IN THE MORNING, WITH BOATS FOR
SALEM, ALBANY AND CORVALLIS,
ON
Monday, Tuesday, Thursday & Friday,
AND ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, & FRIDAY
FOR
DAYTON,
Lafayette and McMinnville.
A. A. McCULLY,
Nov. 12, 1870. n12dtf Pres't P. T. Co.

From Olympia to Victoria and Way Ports on Puget Sound.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
ALIDA,
E. A. STARR.....CAPTAIN
Will leave Olympia every
SUNDAY & WEDNESDAY NIGHT,
d14 At 9 o'clock. dtf

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
NO. 11. TIME SCHEDULE. NO. 11.
TO TAKE EFFECT SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1871, at 9 o'clock A. M.—for the government and information of employes only; the Company reserve the right to vary therefrom as circumstances may require.
Daily Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND ALBANY
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:30 A.M.	Albany	4:00 P.M.
"	2:30 P.M.	"	7:40 P.M.
Albany	6:45 A.M.	Portland	11:40 A.M.
"	1:30 P.M.	"	8:40 P.M.

The 2:30 P. M. Train from Portland, and the 6:45 A. M. Train from Albany are Passenger Trains and run Daily. The 8:30 A. M. Train from Portland and the 1:30 P. M. Train from Albany are Freight Trains (with Passenger Cars attached) and run Daily (except Sunday).

Oregon & California R. R. Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ALBANY with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company

Tickets for sale at Company's Office, No 9 Front street, Portland.

H. THIELSEN, Gen'l Supt.
J. L. HALLETT, Asst. Supt.
E. P. ROGERS,
e29dtf Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Markets.

REMOVAL.
Portland Market.
E. H. CARLING,
SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge. KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand.
Portland, Feb. 17, 1871. dtf

PACIFIC MARKET.
W. W. SPAULDING,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Meats,
AND
PACKER of BEEF & PORK
Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK
NO. 2 NORTH FRONT STREET,
ja23 PORTLAND, OREGON dawtf

PICTURES FRAMED AT ONE-HALF
THE USUAL PRICE AT
W. T. SHANAHAN'S
NEW ART GALLERY
75 First St., near Ladd & Tilton's Bank. fe21dtf

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

EASTERN DATES TO MARCH 15.

Dispatches from London.

LONDON, March 14.—Roebuck in an address at Sheffield to night denounced the liberation of the Fenian convicts as a dastardly act, and their reception in America as a disgrace to that country and another proof that she is England's bitter enemy.

WASHINGTON CITY

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—In the House Brock said his bill was not introduced in the interest of the Democratic party, but because he believed it to be the best measure for restoring peace. The bill removes all legal and political disabilities imposed by the third section of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution on persons therein mentioned.

Poland's amendment excepts the first members of Congress who withdrew therefrom and aided the rebellion; second, officers of the army or navy above 21 years of age, who left the army or navy and aided the rebellion; third, members of State conventions which adopted ordinances of secession, who voted for the adoption of such ordinances. The amendment under the operation of the previous question was agreed to. The question was then taken on the passage of the bill to amend and resulted, Yeas, 112, two thirds not having voted for the bill it was rejected.

The House passed the Senate bill making the Governor of the District of Columbia one of the Regents of the Smithsonian Institute.

Randall offered a resolution that when the House adjourns to-day it will be till Friday. Objected to.

The Senate resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of State for information as to what States, if any, have ratified the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution since his proclamation of March 30th.

The House bill to repeal the duty on coal was read and laid over.

Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill to authorize the reissuing of national bank notes in exchange for mutilated bills. Passed.

Nye introduced a bill granting the proceeds of the sales of mineral lands to the Sutro Tunnel Company.

Anthony offered a resolution providing for the printing of the usual number of copies of the preliminary census report. Also a concurrent resolution to print 16,000 additional copies of the report. Referred.

Sawyer introduced a bill appropriating $2,000 to aid in the rebuilding of the Orphan Asylum in Charleston. Referred.

Pratt called up the House bill for the protection of settlers in California who would be dispossessed of lands. The bill he introduced was designed to remedy the injustice.

Polley defended the decisions referred to. They operate only against speculators. He opposed the bill giving squatters an undue advantage in claiming public lands. The bill was laid aside.

Anthony's resolution confining business to legislation on the Ku Klux outrages was taken up.

Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The committee appointed by the Senate Republican caucus to frame a bill for the better protection of life and property in the South, reported at a meeting held to-day, recommending the adoption by the caucus of what is known as Butler's bill. The report of the committee gave rise to a discussion which lasted nearly three hours. Strong opposition was manifested as to the military features of the bill, and finally the caucus adjourned without action till one o'clock to-morrow. The caucus will adopt the bill introduced for passage in the Senate without material modification.

In the United States and Mexican Commission the case of C. J. Jansen vs. the Mexican Commission, is decided on the broad principle that no reclamation lies against the Republic of Mexico for wrongs inflicted by Maximilian or insurrectionists.

EASTERN STATES.

New Hampshire Election.

CONCORD, March 14.—The complexion of the vote is not determined. The prospect is that the Senate will be Democratic, owing to large Democratic gains in Grafton county. The Republicans fear the defeat of Griffin in the 3d District. But few returns of his vote are received. The election of Weston for Governor is probable. Bell (Dem.) is elected to Congress in the 2d District.

CONCORD, March 15, 2 A. M.—The Democrats are jubilant and are parading the streets in front of the State House. Republicans elected Senators in—[Here the line broke.]

CURRENT NOTES.

Moncure D. Conway has been collecting material for a life of Thomas Carlyle, which he expects to publish as soon as the great iconoclast is dead.

Census returns for Michigan foot up as follows: Number of dwellings in the State, 235,687; number of families, 294,725; number of voters, 268,756; number of inhabitants, 1,184,638.

Parents in Boston are circulating a petition for their children to have a recess from school duties on Saturday. In reply, some Bostonians say it is idleness, and a vacation on Saturday always causes the practical loss of half of Monday.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says that Speaker John T. Bunch, of the Kentucky house, sheds a bottle of ink every time he writes his name. The dot he puts at the end of his autograph is exactly the length of a Congressional penknife with the blade open at both ends.

The Secretary of the Treasury reports that the response to his circular offering the new funding loan are very favorable, both from this country and from abroad; and he thinks that he will be successful in placing most of the five per cents. and some proportion of the four and four and a half per cents.

The following well known words of Governor Andrew are to be inscribed upon his statue at the Boston State house: "I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise any man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black."

Santa Barbara de Samana, where the San Domingo Commissioners first landed from the *Tennessee*, is a wretched little hamlet of two or three hundred poverty stricken people, and San Domingo, the capital, their next landing place, is an ancient, tumble down, decayed town, which is pretty much in the same condition as it was when bold Morgan, the buccaneer, plied his avocation on the Spanish main.

Fred. Douglass, colored, and Gen. Sigel, made speeches to the natives on the arrival of the San Domingo Commission at Samana Bay, the one speaking in German and the other in English. About one hundred and thirty men and children listened to them with astonishment. That these efforts were not altogether successes may be inferred from the fact that only a few of the audience understood any other language but Spanish or French.

The Society of the Cincinnati was formed by the officers of the Revolutionary army on the 10th of May, 1783, with the object of taking care of those who should become disabled or needy, and to perpetuate the hardships which sprung up between them during the struggle for independence. It was also provided that it should be perpetuated by their descendants, according to the English law of descent. This Society met at Delmonico's in New York on the 22d of last month. It now numbers about eighty members, and by their constitution their annual meeting is held up the 4th of July, although up to within a few years it has been their custom to hold an extra or special meeting on Washington's birthday. This custom they intend to revive. Washington was a member of it; so were Hamilton, Lee and many others. Jefferson, with his usual demagogury denounced it as dangerous to the liberties of the country!

LAND MATTERS IN EASTERN OREGON.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE,
LA GRANDE, March 7th, 1871.

EDITOR OREGONIAN:

I notice an article in the *Weekly Salem Mercury* of February 25th, 1871, headed "The Settlers' Difficulties in the Eastern Counties," and the same article I see also copied into the Portland *Herald*.

The editor of the *Mercury* is pleased to state that by the advice of Governor Woods farmers of this district applied to the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at La Grande to notify on their State lands, and the Register and Receiver of that office placed the names of applicants on their township plats and charged the applicant five dollars for the same, and that "no application as required by law was ever taken in the name of the State Board, and consequently none was ever forwarded to the State Board at Salem, and by the grossest of swindles money went into the hands of the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at La Grande by thousands of dollars, without authority of law, either of the United States or of this State, while the deceived and defrauded settler was left in confident security to expend his labor and money on lands to which he had not yet begun to secure a title," etc.

Now, as Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at La Grande, I have learned from observation and experience, something of the previous and present condition of State lands in Oregon, having resided in Union county more than eight years, and been identified with the surveys of this district, and having myself selected as agent of the State Board considerable of the State lands here, and having, as member of the Oregon Legislature of 1864, introduced and prosecuted to its final passage the first law ever passed in this State providing for the sale of State lands and the management of the funds arising from the same. I have also been conversant with this matter of locating, examining and approving the State lands of this district, and with all the changes and alterations of said first law up to the present time. I think that I may with modesty assume to know something of the matter.

In the first place I wish to clear the Registers of this office from all insinuations and blame in any manner in this State land affair, as neither of them ever had anything in the least degree to do with State land matters in this office. But I, Daniel Chaplin, Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at La Grande, am supposed to be the person referred to by the statement in the article of the Salem paper, who is guilty of the grossest of swindles upon the settlers of this district in the matter that I have taken in this State land matter. It appears a little singular that the [illegible] committee which met at Summerville and passed those resolutions referred to did not mention my name or indicate in the least degree that I was the prime cause of all their troubles, inasmuch as I am personally acquainted with every one of them, and have transacted State land business with nearly or quite all of them. But it was by some means unaccountably left for the editor of the Salem organ to discover that I had committed a gross swindle upon the settlers of this district in transacting their State land business. And I wish further to state for the information of said editor and to all others interested, that I have in my possession a commission signed by George L. Woods, Governor, Samuel E. May, Secretary of State, and Edwin N. Cooke, State Treasurer, as the Board of Commissioners of State Lands, having the date of June 16th, 1868, appointing me as the agent of said board to transact State land business in this district, and I will further refer the gentleman to a notice which was published by the authority of said board in the *Weekly Herald* and WEEKLY OREGONIAN about the time of the date of my commission, notifying the public that I was appointed as agent of said board for this district to transact said State land business, and also that J. L. Morrow, Treasurer of Union county, was appointed by said board at the same time to receive all moneys for said Board of Commissioners on the account of sale of State lands. If said editor does not think the above sufficient evidence for my authority to act, I will refer him to the present Register of State Lands of this district, who has seen my commission, and I have no doubt will substantiate the above statement.

Again, the said editor states that no application as required by law was ever taken in the name of the board, and consequently none was ever forwarded to the State office. Now, to correct this statement, I enclose in this a printed copy of the notifications taken. Said notifications were correctly filled out by me with the description of the lands claimed upon application, and every application was signed by the applicant himself, and then said notifications or declaratory statements were immediately closed by me and sent by U. S. mail to the Clerk of the Board of Commissioners of State Lands, at Salem, Oregon. And if the gentleman is interested enough in regard to the truth of this statement, he can easily satisfy his curiosity by stepping into the office of the Board of Commissioners at Salem, and the Clerk of the board will show him at least a bushel of these notifications sent through my office here. So much for that "bumper." For filling out those notifications with the descriptions of the applicants' lands, marking the same on the plats of my office, and keeping a correct record of all applications, with description of land claimed, and state of notification, &c., for the convenience of settlers, I charge five dollars; doing much more work for the above sum than attorneys here had been doing for fifteen dollars, the truth of which many an applicant will attest. And further, during the whole time that I acted as agent for said Board, no correct were all transactions that but one single contested case was ever tried before me. A strange contrast with the record of the present Register of State Bonds for this district, who inaugurated contested cases enough the first week the office was opened to occupy his time for a month to hear them.

I also made out deeds and certificates of purchase for fifty-three different applicants, who applied to purchase through my office, and forwarded them with the five dollar fee to which the Commissioners were entitled by law, to the said Board of Commissioners, with the receipt of J. L. Morrow, Treasurer of Union county, showing the fact that the applicant had deposited the money with said Treasurer for the purchase of his lands. For all of my services in this matter I did not charge the applicant one cent; whereas the present Register of State Bonds under the present law charges the applicant for his services, from five to seven dollars. This is the way that I "grossly swindled" the poor settlers in the eastern counties. This statement also refutes the assertion of the Salem paper that the applicants have not taken any steps under the previous management to secure titles to their lands. The sum of $7,000 in cash and $20,000 in notes has paid to J. L. Morrow, Treasurer of Union county, as the duly appointed agent of the Board of Commissioners of State Bonds. The business was all transacted by me, and the applicants

To the Hon. Board of Commissioners of State Lands for the State of Oregon:

This is to notify that I, of
County have to claim the Section
Township Range the same being
lot as part of the 500,000 Acres due the State under the Act of Congress, Approved 28th September, 1841, and that I shall apply to purchase the same according to the rules prescribed by said Board for the Sale of School Lands.
La Grande, 187

have received their deeds without any expense to the applicant except the five dollar fee paid to the Board of Commissioners as the fee for their service under the law. Compare this with the present order of thing. The Register of State Bonds for this district, under the law made by a Democratic Legislature, receives one thousand dollars in gold coin per annum as salary, paid out of the State Treasury, and also under said law he is allowed to charge fees enough, to be paid by the settler, to amount to five or six thousand dollars more. This is Democratic economy and exhibits their regard for the "dear people."

I shall say no more upon my authority to act as agent of the Board of Commissioners of State Bonds, and if there should be any more editors or others interested in my welfare to inaugurate a further investigation of the matter, I will request to be tried before a jury of the applicants for State lands, in their district, and will cheerfully abide by the decision as to whether I am considered a "gross swindler" by the people with whom I have been the most closely identified in this transaction."

Now since I have commenced on this subject, I propose to give a short history of the late transactions of the present Board of Commissioners of State Lands, and of the proceedings of the Register of State lands for this District, under the instructions of the said Board, and you may be able to discover from what I may say the principal cause of trouble in this district in regard to State lands, and which called for the meeting of the settlers of Summerville precinct, and the resolutions passed by said meeting.

In the first place, you are well aware that the last Oregon Legislature appointed a Register of State Lands for the La Grande District according to the law of 1868. This Register proceeded to open his office in La Grande, under the instructions, I presume, of the Board of Commissioners, and commenced the duties of his office by proceeding to sell lands to the first person who might apply. This was before the said Register had any township plats or records of any description furnished him for his guidance in the duties of his office, and had no means of knowing whether the lands applied for were *State or Government* lands, or whether the lands applied for were claimed by some pre-emption or homestead claimant, or whether, in fact, the lands were not conveyed by patent issued by the United States granting the premises to the person paying for and occupying the same. What rendered the case still more aggravating was that no notice was given to the public that the land was in market, or that the Register was ready to receive payment for the same, thus creating a great excitement as the news spread that speculators and interlopers were entering the improved farms of actual settlers. The rush to the State Land Office was very great, and I know of poor settlers on State lands who offered to sell their cows and grain (when they had any) at almost any sacrifice to get money with which to enter their lands to preserve their homes from falling into the hands of greedy speculators. And in this connection I will say that the [illegible] settlers were justly alarmed that the proceedings of the Summerville meeting were correct and the resolutions appropriate to the occasion. But the only great mistake made in those resolutions was that the [illegible] of the said meeting, especially those who formed the committee to draft the resolutions, were intensely Democratic, and therefore failed to attribute the cause of their great alarm and indignation to its proper authors, laying the entire blame on the speculators, when it legitimately belonged, almost entirely, to the officers who were entrusted to execute the laws. If those officers had taken time to give due notice and to have their records completed so that they would have had the means of knowing who the claimants of the different tracts of lands were, and what lands they were selling, etc., those speculators' efforts to enter the would have been abortive.

During my connection with State land affairs I was instructed by the former Board of Commissioners to proceed with the disposition of State lands as I did under the instructions of the Commissioner of the General Land Office for the disposition of Government Lands, namely: Not to allow the entry of any land which had any adverse filing on, or was claimed by other persons until after giving all parties in interest due notice of said conflict and setting a day for the hearing of evidence of the respective parties, etc. If this course had been continued by the present Register of State Lands, the Summerville meeting and resolutions would have never occurred, and there would have been no call for such measures. But instead of such care and precaution in regard to the settlers' interests, the Register allowed any and all applicants, upon their own assertions, to enter any lands that they were pleased to furnish him a description of, without any reference to the records of others' claims; and instances occurred, as might have been expected, where speculators and jumpers entered the improved farms of actual settlers who had duly filed their notifications in the office of the Commissioners at Salem, and which notifications the said Register should have had a certified record of, for his reference and guidance. Other instances occurred where three different persons entered and paid their money on the same tract of land, thus leading to the necessity for the Summerville resolutions. I would ask if such transactions are blameable entirely upon the jumpers, or is it not rather from the culpable and willful disregard of the officers who have been entrusted with the disposal of the public lands of the State? There is no reasonable excuse for such actions. I voluntarily offered the Register of this district, before he commenced operations, free of cost, the privilege of copying all the maps and records in my office, and also to give him all the information in my possession, and to assist him in every way to avoid trouble, which I anticipated in the case of a person commencing in a business with which he was not familiar. But so intense was the desire of the incoming administration in Oregon to utterly repudiate all that had been done by the previous administration, that they treated with contempt all offers of advice or information from previous officials, and determined to run the State Government in all respects without regard to previous legislation or official action, or any records of the same. The condition of State land matters in the eastern counties is the legitimate result of such a course.

And now I would suggest, in the mildest manner possible, that the editors above referred to be a little more careful in their expressions concerning matters in which there is a probability of their not being fully informed.

DANIEL CHAPLIN,
Receiver U. S. Land Office,
La Grande, Oregon.

The *Revolution* says: "The working woman whose hard-earned money is taken from her legally by a brutal, besotted, drunken husband, to feed the cravings for gin or minister to his sensual passions, can bring a heavy charge against those who would deprive her of the only power by which she is at all likely in the future to secure her earnings to her own use. There are millions of poor working women, who are ground under the heel of oppressive employers, asking for better compensation; and whether they know it or not, their condition will never be materially improved until they get the ballot."

Toombs, the once prominent Georgia rebel, is still denying the story that he ever said he would some day read the roll of his slaves under the shadow of Bunker Hill. No one, we suppose, has any apprehension that he will make any such attempt just at present.

Judge Boise on State Warrants.

PORTLAND, March 15, 1871.

EDITOR OREGONIAN:

In the DAILY OREGONIAN of the 14th is an article on the above subject. And the writer proceeds to remark that Judge Boise rests his opinion principally on the statute which provides that the Secretary "shall examine and determine the claims of all persons against the State, in cases where *provision for the payment of the same shall have been made by law*, and to indorse upon them the amount due and allowed therefor." The writer then proceeds to add:

"Now the question is, in what cases are "provisions" made for the payment of claims? All the regular and ordinary expenses of the State are provided for by law. The salaries are fixed and "provision is made" for paying them in the laws by which they are created. So of the other laws which prescribe the manner of carrying on the State Government. Take the Penitentiary as an illustration. The Code provides for the appointment of officers over that institution, prescribes their duties and fixes the rates of their compensation—that is, it "makes provision" for their payment. The Superintendent is required by law to purchase supplies; the Secretary is required to audit his accounts and issue warrants for the same. So that here also "provision is made by law" for payment. This might be pursued further, but the above will suffice for the illustration.

"Now Judge Boise, it seems plain, has erred in this, viz: He has mistaken the expression, "In cases where provisions have been made by law for payment," for *appropriations* made by the Legislature to pay a fund for expenses for which provisions have already been made by law—that is, by judgment, confounding two wholly different things.

"To state the case concisely: Currently, provision is made by law for the payment of salaries and other expenses under the Laws creating the offices, fixing the salaries and providing for the incurrence of expenses are enacted. Judge Boise has, in my judgment, erred in confounding this matter with that of *appropriations*, when the two are entirely distinct."

I beg leave most respectfully to differ from J. N. D. The "salaries" of all officers in the various departments of the Government, whether legislative, executive or judicial, are most clearly not "provision for their own payment, but they [illegible] any obligation [illegible] persons to whom the [illegible] They are simple debts, for [illegible] of which no provision is necessary. The Legislature passes the necessary appropriation bill. Salaries due no more provide for the civil payment than do promissory notes [illegible] for theirs.

J. N. D. affirms that the Code in providing for the [illegible] of the Penitentiary, [illegible] and fixing their compensation "provision" for their payment [illegible] of the sort. The Code only [illegible] the amount to be paid, but [illegible] makes provision" for the payment [illegible] position of money expressly to [illegible] purpose.

We cannot think [illegible] for a moment that Judge Boise was [illegible] in basing his opinion upon the sentence that the "cases where provision [illegible] made by law" for payment [illegible] necessarily involve the idea of an appropriation by the Legislature setting apart of a fund for that purpose. J

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 16, 1871.

English Opinion.

On the 9th February a debate took place in the British Parliament on the paragraph in the Queen's speech respecting the questions awaiting settlement with the United States. In the House of Lords Earl Granville made a conciliatory speech, and expressed a desire that the questions in dispute might be equitably adjusted. In the House of Commons Mr. Disraeli made a furious speech against the United States. He began by complaining of the discourtesy shown by our public men in discussing this matter in Congress and elsewhere; but showed before he had proceeded far that he was not to be outdone in the very discourtesy of which he complained. He said that the people of the United States had adopted a settled system of insulting England, and declared that at every opportunity Her Majesty's Government and people were assaulted by "rowdy rhetoric administered by irresponsible millions." Yet "the tone of the American Government toward every other country was very different. Nothing could be more courteous than that of the Government of the United States to the Russian and German Governments;" but said the speaker, "if they have any communications to make to the Government of this country, or any cause to give their opinion as to the conduct of the English people, a tone is adopted and language used which it may be forbearing not to notice for a time, but which, if continued, may lead to consequences not intended, and which all will deplore." He wanted to make the United States understand that England "would not permit herself to be treated differently from other countries."

The London *Times* takes this up and says that "Mr. Disraeli's protest against the habitual tone of American demagogues, and even of American statesmen, on all subjects affecting Great Britain, was neither unfounded nor ill-timed, and we trust it may not be without effect on either nation." Now these people forget that there is a natural exasperation of the American public mind toward England. The injuries that country did us during the rebellion were not trifling, and cannot be treated lightly or quickly forgotten. There is a deep and abiding sense of injury, and the American people do not feel obliged to smother just resentment.

The London *Telegraph*, on the other hand, protests against Disraeli's utterances. It says that leader "sinned most deeply" in making them. The alleged insolence of Americans is complained of; but "how could we protest against that insolence in formal dispatches?" The *Telegraph* therefore declares that "if Mr. Disraeli's words mean anything they mean war. It considers them utterly ridiculous, very mischievous.

The *Spectator* hopes an amicable settlement with America will be reached without delay; and says that paper, "it is only when America is hostile that Great Britain loses weight in European politics." This is a suggestive remark. It is a confession of weakness, and a statement that Great Britain can not undertake a war while the Alabama claims are unsettled. The other powers know this, and hence she has now any considerable weight in European politics. But, says the *Spectator*, we are relieved of that special danger—a danger which no other Power in Europe is exposed to. Britain is unburdened, and her rulers please, once more exert her influence and authority in favor of moderate counsels, the observance of treaties, and of the right of a civilized people to remain under the government they prefer." This is certainly a very substantial argument from a British authority in favor of a settlement of the Alabama claims, so that England may be relieved from her "special danger."

Native Temperance Legislation.

In Ohio the friends of temperance legislation have adopted a new principle as the basis of action. About a year ago a law was enacted in that State which is said to produce better results than anything ever before tried. Stringent prohibition, except in cities where there is little intemperance and consequently little need of prohibitory laws, has generally been found impracticable and inoperative. The system employed in other parts of the country by which it is left to a majority of the voters of each town or district to decide whether licenses shall be granted for the sale of liquors or not, does not check intemperance, for the reason that only in the districts where there is least need, entrance and least need of restrictions on the sale of intoxicating liquors, is it possible to make and enforce regulations of this kind.

In Ohio an entirely new principle has been adopted. Its effects are said to be most salutary. The law enacted in conformity with this principle prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors, and then it gives a step further and introduces a regulation which is termed entirely new in temperance legislation. The regulation makes every real estate owner who furnishes a tenement for the sale of intoxicating liquors pecuniarily responsible, with the tenant, for all damages or costs occasioned by the intoxication of those to whom the liquor is vended on the premises. The law gives every husband, wife, child, guardian or other individual who is injured in person, property, or means of support by such intoxicated person or in consequence of such intoxication, a right of action against both the owner of the premises on which the liquor is sold and the tenant and vender. Exemplary as well as actual damages may be recovered. Many cases have already been prosecuted in Ohio and in nearly all of them damages have been obtained. It was claimed that the law was unconstitutional, and some of the cases were appealed to the higher courts, but its constitutionality has been sustained.

The consequence of the enforcement of this legislation is said to be very apparent. Real estate owners are more careful about letting their tenements to keepers of the low order of grog-shops, and those who vend liquors at retail are much more careful to avoid filling full of intoxicating drinks those who cannot control their appetites. It is claimed further that this law, while it may be entirely practicable everywhere, cannot possibly be made an issue in politics. It is not prohibition; it simply holds the owner of the premises where the liquor is sold at retail, together with his tenant to joint liability for the results produced by the liquor sold. They may sell it, but they must be accountable for the consequences. The Ohio act was passed through the efforts of men of both political parties. Members of both parties in the Legislature voted for it, and its results are said to be strikingly apparent already in the visible decrease of intemperance in that State.

Legislation Against the Ku-Klux.

There is an evident determination on the part of Congress to provide, before adjournment, some legislation to check Southern outrages and punish the Ku Klux. Republican caucuses of the Senate and House have the subject under consideration. That there is need for action reports from several of the Southern States sufficiently prove. The following telegram from Washington, (Feb. 22) gives this

A conference of Republican Senators was held this morning for the purpose of consulting on measures necessary to protect the lives and property of loyal citizens against the outrages of the Ku Klux and other organized rebel movements. Senator Scott, Chairman of the Special Investigating Committee, made some statements in relation to the results of the inquiry into affairs in North Carolina. Much of the testimony to which he referred, was of a startling character, bearing as it did on the nature, extent, and evident designs of the Ku-Klux organization in that State. He said that it was shown that there were about 40,000 men in the rebel "Klan," or regularly organized, and acting under the direction of some central authority unknown to any but the officers of the local "Klan." It was in evidence that similar organizations existed in nearly every Southern State, though the investigation had not been carried far enough to warrant a definite judgment as to their number, &c. In North Carolina there was no doubt that they designed to obtain control of the State at all hazards and by every possible means. The discussion was quite general, and Senators expressed a common opinion that some strong measures were necessary to prevent more serious mischief, as well as to insure the safety of the loyal people. Gen. Butler's bill was criticised as being inadequate for the purpose designed.

A dispatch from Vienna, February 22d, states that Minister Jay announces that, through the courtesy of the Emperor, new materials for American history have been brought to light in the Imperial archives. Several volumes, containing the correspondence of Baron Beilen, who was sent to America by the Emperor Joseph II., of Germany, have been discovered. The letters are dated at New York and Philadelphia, from 1784 to 1787. Mr. Jay states that permission has been given him to copy these letters, and he hopes soon to lay these valuable records before the American people.

A letter from Judge Thornton on the State warrant question is published in our columns to-day. He takes issue with the positions stated by a former correspondent, but contents himself with simply disputing those positions without advancing anything to overthrow them.

The *Herald* positively denies that Secretary Chadwick has issued any warrants for claims for which there are no appropriations. Nevertheless we have reason to believe that he has done so. Though the *Herald* speaks so confidently it may not know.

There are eight States, viz, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Missouri, Indiana, Massachusetts and Kentucky, which contain just about half the population of the Union. Eight States are therefore equal to twenty-nine.

School Fund for 1871—Multnomah County.

Treasurer reported, coin, $14,082 67½, for distribution and currency, $990 71. Pupils reported from twenty-six districts, over four and under twenty years of age, 3,498, viz: males, 1,717; females, 1,781. The sum apportioned per pupil is coin, $4 02.56; currency, $0 28.3, as follows:

No.	Name	Pupils	Coin.	Cur.	Tot. Teach.	Cur. Tax.	Tax. Levy.	Collected.	Voters
23	W. Co. Richardson's	14	$56 30	$3 92	$60 22	$10	$110 70	$120 92	11
1	Portland	1,810	7,280	506	7,786	1,400	15,000	16,400	1,407
2	Portland	1,810	7,280	506	7,786	1,400	15,000	16,400	1,407
3	Powell's Valley	53	213	14	227	40	475 00	515 00	40
4	Mt. Tabor	53	213	14	227	40	475 00	515 00	40
5	Rock	203	816	56	872	150	1,600	1,750	150
6	Cedar	82	329	23	352	60	650	710	61
7	Bonita	56	225	15	240	40	450	490	42
8	Least	146	587	40	627	100	1,150	1,250	108
9	Hampton	146	587	40	627	100	1,150	1,250	108
10	Cedar Valley	146	587	40	627	100	1,150	1,250	108
11	Whitaker's	107	430	30	460	75	850	925	79
12	Bush	107	430	30	460	75	850	925	79
13	Lone	107	430	30	460	75	850	925	79
14	Hyde's	107	430	30	460	75	850	925	79
15	Scott	107	430	30	460	75	850	925	79
16	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
17	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
18	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
19	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
20	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
21	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
22	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
24	Springville	14	56	4	60	10	110 70	120 92	11
25	Gabriel	14	56	4	60	10	110 70	120 92	11
26	Mcallister	14	56	4	60	10	110 70	120 92	11
27	Dunsmuir	14	56	4	60	10	110 70	120 92	11
28	Scott's	14	56	4	60	10	110 70	120 92	11
29	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
30	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150
31	Portland	200	804	56	860	150	1,600	1,750	150

and Commission.

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ALSO,
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hests CLOTHES
ALSO
kegs SYRUP;
WINDOW;
ALSO
Bxs C. O SOAP;
ALSO,
Bxs FANCY SOAP
ALSO,
bbls SUGAR,
bbls MOLASSES,
ALSO,

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1 Set WOOD
1 " ROCKING
1 " EXTENSION
1 " CENTRE
1 " SIDE
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1 " WASHSTAND
1 " BEDSTEAD
1 " MATTRESS
1 " CARPET
1 " STOVE
1 " CLOCK
1 " LOOKING GLASS
1 " SAFE
1 " SEWING MACHINE
1 " CHAIR
1 " TABLE
1 " BOOKCASE
1 " DESK
1 " SOFA
1 " LOUNGE
1 " BED
1 " MIRROR
1 " PICTURE
1 " CARPET
1 " STOVE
1 " CLOCK
1 " LOOKING GLASS
1 " SAFE
1 " SEWING MACHINE
1 " CHAIR
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...ARTICLE ...

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...Eastern Markets, &c.

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...by Doctor ...

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...of any kind The most ...

...for Children will be found ...

...COMPLAINTS

mr10dlw

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 16, 1871

CITY.

JUVENILE THIEVES AGAIN.—Night before last three or four boys were arrested, charged with stealing and flinging a lot of bottles. They had a hearing yesterday, in the Police Court, and the evidence of guilt being conclusive, Judge Lewis sentenced to make them an example. They are some of the same gang who were up not long ago, and got off with a night in jail and an admonition. The Judge sent the eldest boy, and the ringleader, to the county jail for fifty days, the second for forty days and the third for thirty days. He stated, however, that if the parents would at any time place the boys in any good situation outside the city, and give security for their staying there, he would remit the sentence.

MORE PROPHESY.—Upon consulting an almanac we find that the astrologist and soothsayer who edits the weather predictions, has given us regular and unusual advice, "look out for about these days." By an unaccountable chance, we have heard, within the last day or two, several of the "oldest inhabitants" prophesying with the utmost apparent confidence that if the present quarter, we shall certainly have some rain. Everybody seems to have got it into their heads that we are about to have a shower, and twenty times a day we meet some one who greets us with, "Going to have some rain I see!" The fact is, the indications do point that way. Our dry spell is probably about over.

FROM KALAMA.—The *Fannie Troup* brought down yesterday ninety passengers from Kalama, and each individual passenger looked as though he were glad to get in out of the wet. Life in the "mud field" and on board shanties and brush tents may be very pleasant and romantic and all that in the summer time; but when the sky is overcast with clouds big with portents of rain, as it is now, it behooves the homeless and house-less to get up and hunt for hotels. We should think just while the present wetness holds on, Kalama is a good place to emigrate from.

MEDICAL SOCIETY ORGANIZED.—A medical society was organized in this city on Tuesday by members G W. Brown, M. Holman, L Kidd, H Isaacs and T J. Johnson. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and officers were elected as follows President, Dr. G. W. Brown; Secretary, Dr. M. Holman, Treasurer, Dr. L. Kidd. A meeting of the society will be held at Dr. Brown's Infirmary Saturday evening, March 18th, and all physicians in good standing are invited to attend.

OCEAN EXPORTS.—The steamer *Geo. S.* took away last evening for Victoria the following articles of freight: 1,596 qr sks flour, 1,000 sks wheat, 200 sks bran, 11 kegs dried apples, 14 cases bacon, 2 kegs dried plums, 10 cs 1 kegs lard, 1 pkg dried tongues, 19 sks middlings, 6 cs hams, 4 cs shoulders, 3 fanning mills, 96 ft rubber belt, 93 pkgs indse, consisting of dry goods, hardware, etc. Total valuation as reported to the Custom House, $7,477 66

THE R R FERRY LANDING.—The original difficulty of sending the railroad ferry boat at the East Portland landing has been obviated by driving a couple of rows of piles in a line with the lower side of the pontoon bridge. These two rows being bonded and bolted together, answer the purpose of one side of a slip, the rapid current of the river answering for the other side. The landings of the boat are now effected without much delay or loss of time.

PASSENGERS FOR THE NORTH.—The steamship Gen S F Wyatt, N. Rogers, Commander, sailed from dock yesterday afternoon for Olympia, via Victoria and lower Sound ports. The following is a list of her passengers: L Gruhse, Collector at Steilacoom, Henry Smith, Wm Clark, James W Miller, U S Marcney, L F Beatty, wife and two children, and twelve in the steerage.

GOING TO VICTORIA.—Mr. L. F. Beatty and wife, who have been playing at Reed's Opera House during the winter, came down on the morning train yesterday and took passage on the steamer S F Wyatt for Victoria. They have an engagement at the Theater Royal and will remain at Victoria till about the middle of April, when they expect to return here.

TAX COLLECTOR AND DELINQUENT.—Thus far Sheriff Bell has collected taxes to the amount of $96,543 48, and a little more than $21,080 remain delinquent After the 20th inst., the Sheriff is entitled to charge a per cent. for collecting and is authorized to proceed by distraint and sale. Those who still owe taxes should "make a note on't."

NEW STREETS SURVEYED.—Mr. H. J. Stevenson, City Surveyor, has completed a plat of the proposed extension of streets in Carathers' Addition, running from Fourth street, and southerly from Lincoln street. The opening of these streets will only entail the removal of six buildings. The lines of the blocks are changed some thirty feet south.

FINE STOCK FARM FOR SALE.—To any one wishing for a farm of this description, we would refer to the advertisement of Mr. H. S. Gile, who offers his ranch of 600 acres, at Baker's Bay, W. T., at a bargain. It is nearly all prairie and under fence. Messrs. Williams & Myers, Front street, can give all particulars.

HEAD UNDER WATER.—About four hundred feet of the railroad just below Oregon City, is under water. The track, however, seems very solid yet and has not apparently settled any as might have been naturally expected. At that point it had been heavily graveled which probably accounts for its stability.

PLEASURE.—A social party at Multnomah Lodge House had been appointed (some time since) for this evening, but in consequence of the sad death of Mr. Stout, the managers have postponed it indefinitely, as they do not feel like using the house for such purposes while it remains draped in mourning.

A CUSTOMER.—The coolest customer of the season was the tall, grave and rare, 6 ft, 10½-inch man who leisurely promenaded the streets yesterday bareheaded. No danger that he will get an inflammation of the head—not if the cyclopedists know anything.

DISCOVERY OF COAL.—We learn from Prof. Hawk that bituminous coal has been found in the vicinity back of Forest Grove. A man has been showing a piece as large as a hen's egg, fresh from the seam, but he refuses to disclose the locality of the mine.

SHIPMENTS TO PUGET SOUND.—The *Wright* took for Puget Sound ports 12 boxes Passover bread, 16 [illegible] bacon, 120 sks flour, 22 sks feed oats, 8 boxes seeds, and several lots of merchandise. Total valuation, $570.

AMERICAN SHIP FOR FOREIGN PORTS.—We learn that the *Prince of Wales*, a vessel from Victoria, is in the river below, and en route to this port for a load of wheat for some English port. She is under charter to Allen & Lewis.

NO MAILS.—No through mails from the South beyond Corvallis, have reached here for two days. They are gathering and accumulating on the classic banks of Long Tom.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Rain.

Slightly wet.

Very loud weather.

Umbrella market excited.

A little rain water "in ours."

Ten thousand men wanted to write essays on Drainage.

Glorious time for ducks, swamp land grab bers and such.

So rainy that the frogs have all "ke-chunk-ed" to get out of the wet.

The land is flowing with milk and water—mostly water

Season able goods—gum boots and hydraulic hats. Season ed goods out of the question.

The public mind is convicted that we have fallen upon a fitfully dirty, "dead, damp, disagreeable" days of atmospheric "degeneracy."

"The ceaseless patter of the rain on the roof" is getting vastly more familiar than any "house hold words" we can just now think of.

The geological theory of the deepening of the sea will have ocular demonstration in a day or so, of the month of the Columbia river—if the rascal don't give out and spoil the flowing tide.

Just in the language of Gov. Whitaker's 1862 message of "Still, it might have been worse! If it rained three weeks longer, the whole valley of the Willamet would have been covered from mountain to mountain!"

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

REGULAR MEETING, MARCH 15, 1871

Present, his Honor the Mayor, presiding, and Councilmen, Besser, Bills, Congle, Cree, Drake and Moffett.

PETITIONS

From W. H. Watkins and others, asking for the opening and improvement of Main street to the City Park—referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

From A B Richardson and others, asking for the improvement of Mill street from Front to Fourth—referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property

Permits were granted to Northrup & Drew and Bellue & Jones to improve certain parts of streets under the provisions of ordinance No. 793.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Fire and Water, to whom was referred the petition of R. Pittock and others for a fire hydrant at the corner of Fifth and Jefferson streets, reported in favor of placing hydrants at the corner of Fifth and Main, corner of Fifth and Columbia and corner Third and Pine. The report was adopted

The same committee to whom was referred the communication of C Ball and others, concerning the sale by the Chief Engineer of a stove belonging to No. 4's house, reported that they found upon inquiry, that the stove was sold by the Chief last November; that the money belongs to the city and ought to have been paid into the treasury without delay, and that in the opinion of the committee the Chief is censurable for the failure to turn over the money at once. The report was adopted.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CHIEF ENGINEER.

A communication was received from the Chief Engineer, relating to the same matter. He says that he sold the stove, and calls the attention of the committee and the Council to section 1, article 7, of the charter, relating to the Fire Department, which provides for an annual report from the Chief concerning the property of the Department, and he thinks the parties who have complained of his proceedings might have waited for his annual report, and that if he were then found delinquent in any matter, it would be soon enough to complain. The communication was ordered to be placed on file.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid: L. Brooks, H. C Leonard and E D. Shattuck, each $8 for services as street viewers, Snow & Enos $2 75, H. L. Pittock, advertising, $17 38, H. L. Darragh, bell keys, $2, Mills & Freeborn, lettering, $10 50, Geo H. Himes, forms, $50, Morrison & Gosney, on street contract, $395 46.

ORDINANCES

An ordinance to amend ordinance No. 793 relating to permits to improve streets—read first and second times and laid over.

An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Alder street from Fourth to Tenth—read three times and passed.

An ordinance authorizing the sale of city bonds—read three times and passed.

The ordinance to adopt the report of the Surveyor in the matter of the extension of Salmon street—heretofore read twice—was read a third time and passed.

The Council adjourned

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

WEDNESDAY, March 15, 1871.

R Gilman and wife to Wm. Barker; lot 3 in block 59, Couch's Addition; warranty deed, February 27, 1871, consideration, $500.

James T. Ghiselin to David Taggart; one undivided half of Block 28, Caruthers' Addition, warranty deed, February 28, 1871; consideration, $800.

C. H. Page to John Marshall; the north half of block 14, East Portland, warranty deed, February 22, 1871, consideration, $600.

R Gilman and wife to John R Foster; lots 6, 7 and 8 in block 95, Couch's Addition; warranty deed, February 24, 1871, consideration, $1,000.

Wm. Masters and wife to Geo. B. Cook and T. M. Richardson, the north half of lot 3, block 78, city of Portland; warranty deed, March 1, 1871, consideration, $11,000.

Wm. Barker and wife to D. H Harrington; lot 3, block 59, Couch's Addition; warranty deed, February 27, 1871, consideration, $1,300

Thomas Duckett to E. J Jeffries and William Barnes, one acre tract on the A N. King claim, warranty deed, March 1st, 1871—consideration, $1,500

THE COURTS

WEDNESDAY, March 15, 1871.

U S DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, JUDGE—United States vs William Wallace; Indictment for selling liquor without license, defendant arraigned, and pleaded not guilty, cause set for trial on Friday next.

United States vs George B. Howard; cause continued till to-morrow.

OREGON.

Mrs. A. D. Wiggin, of Los Angeles (Cal.), is lecturing at Salem.

Last Sunday the Congregational Church at Salem received an accession of nine members

The *Christian Messenger* announces the death of Mrs. Mary Ingalls at Monmouth, aged seventy-six years.

John Brady is on trial at Salem for the murder of a man named Wilkins near the State Fair Grounds last fall.

The work of preparing for brick making for the new college at Monmouth proceeds as fast as the weather will permit.

The Dallas *Republican* says that a number of the citizens of Polk county have concluded to emigrate to Eastern Oregon in the spring, and have now gone thither for the purpose of selecting locations.

From the *Statesman* A gentleman from French Prairie, who three years since put in quite a hop plantation, informs that he has now fifteen hundred pounds to sell, and no one wants them. He says hops are a profitless drug, and he shall plow up his hop yard and try some other speculation.

Notice is given of a summer course in the Medical Department of Willamet University. It is to be a course of practical instruction on special subjects, of four months' duration, to be given by the Faculty, assisted by others, commencing on Monday, April 10, 1871, and continuing until the 15th of July. One lecture and recitation daily.

The *Statesman* says it is a fact stated by millers that different sections possess different capacities of soil, and that parts of the Willamet Valley raise a better quality of wheat than other parts. This difference is perceived in lands not five distant from each other, but a general classification may be made in this way That wheat shipped from Corvallis, and points below that to the river, makes a stronger quality of baker's flour—which is the most valuable flour of commerce—than that which comes from the region above Corvallis This fact is noticed in the mills here, and it is undoubtedly so, as they are governed by it in their manufacture This does not prove that the wheat of the upper valley is of poor quality and makes poor bread, for such is not the case, but it does not make flour quite as white and strong as city bakers prefer. The wheat from above is more yellow and the flour creamy, though in all else very excellent. It may be that this fact is owing to cultivation, or to the variety of seed wheat used, or it may be due to the peculiarity of the soil, as it is said more lime exists in the soil of the upper Willamet.

One of the Santo Domingo Commissioners has written to a prominent New England Senator that so far, he finds that the "King Ahab," who is anxious to steal the tropical "Naboth's vineyard," does not live in the United States, but in the Republic of Hayti In other words, the Commissioner is left to believe that Hayti is really the aggressor against Santo Domingo, and appears willing to accomplish her desire to unite the whole island under its own control by any available means.

SEA MOSS FARINA from pure Irish Moss, for Blanc Mange, Puddings, Custards, Creams, &c., &c. The cheapest, healthiest and most delicious food in the world.

MARRIED:

In this city March 14, 1871, at the residence of Chas. H Hill, Esq., by Rev. W. C Stratton, Mr F S Aiken and Miss Laura F Kinne

ISAAC RIDMAN TO HIS OLD CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY!—Having returned with Ben Holladay on the steamer *Orofiamme* with a large stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, I intend to soon get rid of them at a small profit. Quick returns is my motto. On corner First and Alder streets, Odd Fellows Temple.

SPRING SUITS.—KOHN & FITSHI as usual, are the first to fill their store with the new Spring Styles of Clothing and Furnishing Goods Their stock is very large, and their goods of the best quality, and latest styles. Messrs. Kohn & Fitshi buy their goods in large quantities, consequently, and them at low rates and can afford to sell cheap, which they intend to do.

They respectfully invite their friends and patrons to give them a call.

THE NEW AND VALUABLE IMPROVEMENT IN SECURING DENTAL FILLINGS.—Patent applied for in January, A. D. 1871—is used only by the inventor, Dr C. H Mack, Office of Mack & Welch, in the Odd Fellows' Building, Portland.

TEA.—The best quality of Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Orange, of direct importation can be had at C. M Martin's Grocery Store on First street

Also, Maple Sugar direct from New England

German Herring, and other kinds of Fish, fresh, salt and dried

Italian Chestnuts and all sorts of nuts

Oranges Lemons and all fruits of the season.

Hams, Poultry and Game.

Fresh Eggs, Butter and Vegetables and all kinds of Family Groceries at the most reasonable prices, delivered in any part of the city upon short notice

BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD
BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD
BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD

BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD is made from the finest quality of IRISH FLAX and is unequalled for strength and evenness of Thread

"Time tries all things and has proven that WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY is the remedy par excellence, for the cure of coughs colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, asthma, phthisic, sore throat, influenza, and last not least, "consumption

A DIAL OUT IN WALL STREET.—It is a vulgar error to suppose that the *habitues* of Wall street converse about nothing but stocks and gold. Sometimes they talk about their health, and they all seem to have one trouble—*biliousness* The wear and tear of speculation invariably tells upon the liver.

"How do you think I'm looking?" said a well known "Bull" to a friend in the Long Room, a few days after the late smash up in gold; "Do I look panic-struck?"

"No by Jove!" was the reply "you look in trim to fight for a man's life Never saw you looking better"

"Let me tell you a secret, my boy," returned the great operator "I drink no wine, no brandy, no barroom stimulant of any kind, but I just keep my stamina up with an occasional dose of PLANTATION BITTERS, and if you'll do me the favor to try it for that bile on the stomach you're always complaining of, I'll furnish the margin for your next spec. If it doesn't save you"

The gentleman referred to (the initial of whose Christian name is not very far from the end of the alphabet) has unbounded confidence in the restorative, and his bright eye, firm nerves and wonderful powers of endurance, prove that it is well founded

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,

REAL ESTATE DEALER,

Office, No. 64 Front St. east,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

REAL ESTATE in this CITY and EAST PORTLAND, in the most desirable localities, consisting of LOTS, HALF BLOCKS and BLOCKS, HOUSES and STORES; also,

IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable unimproved LANDS, located in ALL parts of the STATE for SALE.

REAL ESTATE and other Property purchased for Correspondents, in this CITY and throughout the STATES and TERRITORIES, with great care and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

HOUSES and STORES RENTED, LOANS NEGOTIATED and CLAIMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. And a General FINANCIAL and AGENCY BUSINESS transacted.

AGENTS of this OFFICE in all the CITIES and TOWNS in the STATE, will receive descriptions of FARM PROPERTY and forward the same to the above address. feldawtf

G. E. MACK. J. WELCH.

MACK & WELCH,

DENTISTS.

Office—Odd Fellows' Temple, cor. First and Alder Streets.

The patronage of those desiring superior operations is in especial request.

Nitrous Oxide, for the painless extraction of Teeth.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, "better than the best" and as *cheap as the cheapest*. my26dawtf

DR. J. B. CARDWELL,

Dentist.

DENTAL ROOMS,

No. 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon

The Late and Improved Styles of work at Reduced Rates Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless Extraction of Teeth. ap18tf

Exuberant Health

Is a blessing vouchsafed to few. Even those who have been favored by nature with strong constitutions and vigorous frames are apt to neglect the precaution necessary to preserve these precious endowments. Indeed, as a rule, the more healthy a man is, the more liberties he is inclined to take with his own physique. It is some consolation to the naturally weak and feeble to know that they can be so invigorated and built up by a proper use of the means which science has placed at their disposal, as to have a much better chance of long life and exemptions from disease and pain, than the most athletic of their fellows who are foolish enough to suppose themselves invulnerable and act accordingly.

It is not too much to say that more than half the people of the civilized world need an occasional tonic, to enable them to support the strain upon their bodies and minds, which the fast life of this restless age of ours imposes. In fact, a pure, wholesome, unexciting tonic is the grand desideratum of the busy millions, and they have the article in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is a chemical medicine, i. e. it imparts permanent strength to weak systems and invigorates delicate constitutions Its reputation and its sales have steadily increased Competitive preparations have been introduced *ad libitum*, and, as far as the public is concerned, *ad nauseam*, in the hope of rivalling it; but they have all either perished in the attempt, or been left in the rear It has been the great medical success of the present century, and it is quite certain that no proprietary medicine in this country is so widely known or as generally used

Ten lightning presses, running incessantly (Sundays excepted) the whole year through barely supply the demand for the Illustrated Almanac, in which the nature and uses of the preparation are set forth, the circulation now being over eight millions a year

A HOUSEHOLD BLESSING.

One that no family should be without. Very warming, very penetrating, very strengthening, very effective A never failing remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Pleurisy, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps Cholera Morbus, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Headache, Toothache Earache, Pain in the Breast, Lame Back and all Lameness and Pain. Such is PRATT'S ARCILION Oil. Price, large, $1 00, small, 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. Ask for PRATT'S ARCILION OIL, and take no substitute.

PRATT'S NEW LIFE

The famous Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Invigorator, thoroughly purifies the Blood, speedily cures Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Heals old sores and ulcers and eradicates from the system all humors and disorders arising from impure blood It stimulates the Liver and Kidneys strengthens the whole system, operates mildly on the bowels, allaying all internal inflammation and is the best Purifying, Regulating and Invigorating Remedy in the world Price, $1 00 For sale by all druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO, Proprietors,
fe16d3m Druggists, San Francisco

Foundries.

Oregon Iron Works,

SOUTH FRONT STREET,

Manufacturers of

ENGINES, BOILERS,

MILL MACHINERY,

AND

Stoves of all Kinds.

DAVID McCULLY,
fl6dawtf President.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

THE STEAM PROPELLER "WASP," OF about Nineteen Tons burthen, fast, strong and in good order. Will be sold cheap if application is made soon

Also one double Engine of about 10 to 12 Horse Power

Apply at the boat to JOHN BOWMAN,
fe21dtf or Portland P O

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOUR SPLENDID PIGEON HOLE TABLES, SEVeral Second-Hand Billiard Tables with new beds and Latest Improved Patent Cushions, Billiard Cloth, Balls, &c., &c

All kinds of Furniture Repaired, Varnished and Repolished on the most reasonable terms

148 Front street
ja31d2awTuawtf CH LOUIS KUHN

To Let.

For Rent.

ON 1ST APRIL, 1871, TWO SUITES OF ROOMS in "Central Block" now occupied by U S Pay Department, also, Brick Store now occupied by Commissary Department Apply to

A P ARKENY,
mr13dtf Or, P O Box 95.

Rooms to Rent to Gentlemen.

THE FURNITURE AND BEDDING ALL NEW; Rooms Hard Finished, lofty and well Ventilated S. E. corner Washington and Fifth Sts
mr3dtf

Furnished Room with Board.

A WELL FURNISHED COMMODIOUS ROOM, suitable for a small family, or two gentlemen, with use of Parlor, and with first class Board and at same can be obtained at the "WHITE HOUSE," North Third Street, between B and C Also, room at Table for three or four more boarders MRS E C. HOLDEN.
mr14tf

THE NEW CITY HALL,

40x65 feet,

Main Street, Walla Walla,

IS NOW READY FOR

THEATERS, BALLS, &c.

Parties wishing to engage can do so by applying to
fe10d6m JOHN HOWELL.

Wants.

Wanted

A GIRL TO DO CHAMBER WORK AND TAKE care of the children None but a competent person need apply to J McCRAKEN,
mr14dtf North Seventh street, between D and E

Wanted.

A SITUATION IN A FIRST CLASS SAW MILL, by one who can give good reference as a capable and thorough Sawyer Apply to
mr10d6t KETES & STIMSON'S OFFICE.
Portland Oregon

ESTABLISHED 1851.

E. J. NORTHRUP.

Importer and Dealer in

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

Iron and Steel,

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES,

AND

HARDWOOD LUMBER,

CORDAGE, TAR, PITCH, OAKUM AND OARS.

AGENT FOR

A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,
WIRE ROPE MANUFACTURERS,
San Francisco Cal.

Corner Front and Yamhill Sts.,

f22 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTnership heretofore existing between E J Northrup and J C Van Rensselaer, under the firm name of E J. Northrup & Co., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent E J Northrup will collect and receipt for all debts due E J. Northrup & Co, and assume all the liabilities of said firm E. J. NORTHRUP,
J. C VAN RENSSELAER.

Portland, Oregon, Feb'y 15, 1871

N. B.—In consequence of the above dissolution it is highly necessary that all persons indebted to the late firm of E. J. Northrup & Co should settle immediately, either by cash or note, and all persons having claims against the said firm are requested to present them for payment to the undersigned, who will continue the business at the old stand, including the sale of Iron and Steel, which business I have resumed, having purchased the Stock and Business of S L Fallows & Co.
fe22d1m E J NORTHRUP

CORBETT, FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Portland, January 2, 1871 ja2dtf

DEAN & BROTHER,

LAND AGENTS,

No. 92 Front Street,

fa PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

PORTLAND OREGON

GEO. L. CURRY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE

AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

OFFICE—NO. 4 CARTER'S BUILDING,

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED CITY LOTS LOTS in East Portland, and in Stephens' Addition to East Portland.

In Yamhill county, a tract of 3,000 acres—all plow land but daily communication by steamboat with Portland

Marion county—A farm of 852 acres within three miles of Butteville with growing crop, fine improvements, well stocked

Boone's Ferry and Farm, on the Willamette, within 17 miles of Portland

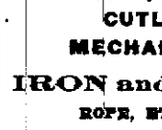
Steam Saw Mill with Double Circular Saws, Planing and Grooving Machine Cuts 10,000 feet per day

Valuable Timbered Lands unimproved Lands and desirable Farms in various parts of the State mr7dtf

REMOVED

From Front to First St., between Salmon and Main

H. SINSHEIMER,



AGENT FOR THE SALE of the Celebrated J & C FISCHER & HON PIANO, which are pronounced by the National Pianoforte Association, after a thorough trial in their Rooms with the first manufacturers of this country the

BEST PIANO IN AMERICA!

Also, Agent for MASON & HAMLIN'S ORGANS Keep constantly on hand all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Violin and Guitar Strings, which I import direct from Europe and will sell to the Trade at less than San Francisco prices.

Pianos Tuned, Repaired and Rented d22d16tp

Boots & Shoes.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS.

PACIFIC

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Corner First and Morrison Sts,

HAVING OPENED OUR NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS,

SHOES,

GAITERS,

ETC., ETC.,

We are now prepared to furnish our customers with

THE BEST QUALITY OF GOODS

Of our own and Eastern Manufacture, at

VERY LOW PRICES.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

OF ALL KINDS AND STYLES.

We Always Have the Latest & Most Fashionable Styles on Hand.

PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,

CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

fe7 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

FRESH ARRIVALS.

FLOWER SEEDS,

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT EVER OFFERED in the city of Portland Just Received Per Lady from Thorburn's Celebrated Gardens in New York City

SWISS CHEESE,

Direct from Auld Switzerland

Beet Sugar,

A FINE ARTICLE—Direct from the Refinery in San Francisco

MACKINAW TROUT,

Direct from Mackinaw, Michigan

Pickled Herring,

Direct from Holland

Norway Oats.

Lately imported from Norway, yielding one hundred bushels from thirty pounds of seed sown

These are some of the new things just received.

Orders from abroad accompanied by cash or good reference solicited

Goods carefully packed and put aboard of vessels Free of Charge.

OATMAN & HACHNEY'S

Dealers in Cheese & Western Produce,

Tropical Fruits, Garden and Flower Seeds,

Choice Wines and Liquors for Family use, and Groceries of Every Description.

fe24 1dtf

AT

SNOW & ROOS'

NEW ART GALLERY

181 FIRST ST.,

CAN BE FOUND THE LARGEST AND FINEST Stock of

CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS,

PICTURE FRAMES & MOULDINGS

Ever brought to the State of Oregon, all of which are offered at WHOLESALE PRICES

N B—We guarantee to FRAME PICTURES in the VERY BEST STYLE of the art and at

LESS COST

Than any other establishment in Oregon 197dtf

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE

AS A HAIR RESTORATIVE THERE ARE NONE that will cure Baldness as well as the one invented by J LOBES, of this city It is

Composed Entirely of Harmless Roots,

And is very efficacious in restoring the Hair—in some instances in less than six weeks

For further information and for the article apply to

J. LOPES,

No 16 Morrison St., south side, between Front and First Sts

This preparation has been used already by a good many people of this city and vicinity and has proved satisfactory in replenishing the hair wherein had been falling off This Restorer does not change gray hair but restores hair to the bald head.

It can be procured at the Barber shop of

GEO FLEISHER,
fe28dlm under the St. Charles Hotel

RAILROAD ERA!!

Carriage Making and Blacksmithing.

L. E. DYER. S. G. BUNTING

DYER & BUNTING

HAVE OPENED A

CARRIAGE & BLACKSMITH SHOP

On Second St., bet Stark and Oak,

Opp Bacon's Livery Stable,

AND ARE NOW PREPARED TO MAKE VEHICLES of any kind from a Coach to a Wagon

HORSE SHOEING and General Jobbing done promptly Both members of the firm having had many years experience in both branches of the business in this city and are well acquainted with the wants of trade in this State and feel competent to give good satisfaction. ja1 dtf

PORTLAND CANDY MANUFACTORY

ALISKY & REGELE, Prop'rs.

Coffee & Oyster Saloon

FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH OYSTERS AT

One Dollar per Hundred.

No 107 FIRST ST., opp. Postoffice.
fe2dlf

A. O. SERVENAY,

MANUFACTURER OF

Umbrellas & Parasols.

COVERING AND REPAIRING DONE IN the best manner at the shortest notice.

FANS and WALKING CANES Repaired

No. 19 Morrison St.,

NEXT DOOR TO THE WEBFOOT SALOON
ja24d2m

Hawley Dodd & Co
Portland, Oregon
offer for sale at the lowest market price
Hardware Iron, Steel
and Agricultural Implements.

Exclusive sale for Oregon for
Buckeye (genuine) Mower & Reaper.
beware of base imitations Buckeyes offered
for sale by other parties the genuine can
only be purchased in Portland of Hawley Dodd & Co

Haines Headers
improved for coming harvest.

Sweepstakes Threshers.
with new improvements the best machine in the
market & greatly improved Dow Pitts or Pinado

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE GENUINE MOLINE PLOW

BUCKEYE SEED DRILLS

THE MITCHELL WAGON.

Farm Wagons.
exclusive sale for the Mitchell Wagon with
patent Rounded Reach (something
no other wagon has) these wagons
them the best wagon for sale in the States
Send for descriptive Circulars.

WILLAMET

IRON WORKS CO.,

Corner of North Front and E streets between South Wharf and the Railroad Ferry Landing Portland Oregon

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

SAW AND GRIST MILLS

QUARTZ MILLS AND MINING MACHINERY,

CASTINGS FOR AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

BUILDING FRONTS,

Iron and Brass Castings of all Descriptions.

The Largest and Best Assortment of PATTERNS For sale on San Francisco.

No charges made for the use of them

Address WILLAMET IRON WORKS Portland Oregon.
mr11d1f

THE GREAT

BLOOD PURIFIER.

An Infallible BLOOD PURIFIER, possessing TONIC and DERIVANT properties—a certain cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, and all kindred Diseases.

It completely restores the system when impaired by disease, revives the action of the KIDNEYS and GENITAL ORGANS, radically cures SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, and all ERUPTIVE and CUTANEOUS Diseases, gives immediate and permanent relief in DYSPEPSIA, ERYSIPELAS, Tumors, Boils, Scald Head, Ulcers and Sores, eradicates from the system all traces of Mercurial Disease.

It is PURELY VEGETABLE, being made from an herb found indigenous in California. It is therefore peculiarly suitable for use by Females and Children, as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RENOVATOR.

For Sale by all Drug sts.

REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.,
AGENTS,
529 and 531 Market Street,
San Francisco.

TO PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENT FOR THE sale of Surgical Instruments and Appliances from the celebrated factory of

A. L. HERNSTEIN, New York,

I am prepared to fill orders at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, and would call especial attention to the superior quality of these Instruments. I have also on hand a large and complete assortment of TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, BANDAGES, ELASTIC SILK STOCKINGS, ARTIFICIAL EYES, POCKET CASES etc, of my own importation, to which attention is invited

Illustrated Price List of Instruments mailed to any address

H. P. WAKELEE,

DRUGGIST,

CORNER MONTGOMERY AND BUSH STREETS,

mr10d1m3p SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. aw2m

PROPOSALS

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE MASONIC [illegible] of March 1871 [illegible] 1st Inst sealed [illegible] materials for [illegible] and excavating [illegible] the contract [illegible] August 1 1871

24 Proposals [illegible] Lumber [illegible] at the office of [illegible] The [illegible] reject any bid, and [illegible] to be appropriated

Terms [illegible] Pope &

GENERALITIES.

A mental Morsel—A bit of one's mind.

Light is a most successful burglar—it is always breaking in upon some one.

A country dentist advertises that "he spares no pains" to render his operations satisfactory.

Let woman once think you unconquerable, and, unless she is unlike all other women, she will still want to conquer you.

Lesson in geography. Schoolmarm to little Josie: "Where is the north pole, Josie?" "Top of the map, marm," replied the pupil.

In Boston a poor man, who less than one year ago had only one suit of clothes, went into the newspaper business, and now has eight suits, seven of them for libel.

A rumor is afloat that the man who dived into futurity came up drowned in tears, and has since been in the depths of despair. He is now better, having dipped into a book.

They are fond of titles in the East. Among his other high-sounding titles the King of Ava has that of "Lord of Twenty-four Umbrellas." This looks as though he had prepared for a long reign.

"Will yer honor take a cab?" said a London cab-driver to a gentleman. "No, thank you, I am able to walk," said the gentleman. "May yer long be able, but seldom willin'!" was the witty reply.

Never chew your words. Open the mouth and let the words come out. A student once asked: "Can virchu, fortichu, gratichu, or quiechue dwell with that man who is a stranger to rectichu?"

A shoemaker was fitting a customer with a pair of boots, when the buyer observed that he had but one objection to them, which was that the soles were a little too thick. "If that is all," replied the shoemaker, "put on the boots, and the objection will gradually wear away."

A striking illustration of the saying, the pith of a lady's letter is in the postscript, was that of a young lady, who, having gone out to India, and writing home to her friends, concluded with the following words: "P. S. You will see by my signature that I am married."

The night editor of a daily paper wrote this head-line to one of his cable dispatches: "The British lion shaking his mane." He was unable to eat his breakfast, next morning, when he found the printer's version of the matter staring him in the face thus: "The British lion skating in Maine."

Elections and Election Frauds

The New York *Tribune* [illegible] exists in New York in a vigorous style.

In this city, fraudulent voting has become a regular trade. One of our present State Senators achieved prominence and influence as a "boss repeater;" he would not now be in the Senate if he were not believed by his political confederates to be an effective and successful felon; while our new Sheriff is well understood to have been chief engineer of the operations whereby the VIth Ward, with hardly 21,225 inhabitants, including many aliens and not a few disfranchised felons, has been made to give the following votes:

	Rep.	Dem.	Total.
1858. Congress	310	2,265	2,575
1860. President	337	2,027	2,364
1862. Congress	448	1,891	2,339
1863. Mayor	200	2,235	2,435
1864. Governor	347	4,344	3,781
" Sec. State	207	3,254	3,461
" Treasurer	186	3,300	3,486
1865. Governor	399	5,432	5,831
" Sec. State	556	5,788	6,374
1867. Governor	393	3,945	3,338

Mr Brennan was running for Sheriff last [illegible] had a Governor and Congress to [illegible] and there was every incitement to a [illegible] in that cast at the relatively unimportant election of 1869; yet the vote fell [illegible]—more than one-third. Yet there were half a dozen more election districts last [illegible] than ever before, and no single voter has [illegible] that he was by any means precluded [illegible] from voting.

Reader! we care not what may be your political [illegible]. If you have ordinary intelligence and [illegible] the four simple rules of Arithmetic [illegible] that the vote cast in that VIth [illegible] 1868 and again in 1869 was enormously [illegible] swelled by fraud. And you *know* that [illegible] of the scoundrels who misrule our [illegible] State against "Federal interference [illegible] State elections" "Bayonets at the Ballot-box" &c., &c., has its impulse in the fact [illegible] known, that they were not enabled to [illegible] so much in 1870 as they did in 1868 [illegible].

We have called attention to the returns [illegible] single ward—a Ward which was made [illegible] more than one vote for every [illegible] persons—almost one for every three—although it is largely peopled by aliens, with a [illegible] sprinkling of disfranchised felons, as we have already stated. No man can find [illegible] thousand legal voters in the VIth Ward; [illegible] was made to give, at an election when [illegible] President, Governor, nor Congress, [illegible] was to be chosen, 5,374 votes. At the next election when Governor and Congress *were* chosen, and the most desperate efforts, the most lavish expenditure, where employed to [illegible] the Democratic vote, barely 3,888 votes were polled, through Mayor Hall had meantime increased the election districts to *twenty-four* (or for each 167 voters), making three districts with a population (not vote) of 222, [illegible] and 83 respectively.

Fellow citizens of every State! these men deliberately conspire to rule us and rule you by fraud. They *say* they are opposed to it—[illegible] thing; but their every act gives that [illegible] to the lie. They own and run the [illegible] and prosecuting officers; they [illegible] Prison if they chose; and they [illegible] the polling of illegal votes. [illegible] that we honestly can to counteract them [illegible] the odds are too great; the engine [illegible] powerful. By its use, they stole [illegible] this State from Gen. Grant in '68; [illegible] they mean to steal the control of the Union in 1872. It rests with *you* to battle [illegible] them. They cannot carry the [illegible] on a full and strictly legal [illegible] if be fraud if you do not [illegible] and enact the necessary preventives. [illegible] they may propose they desire and [illegible] impanny for fraudulent voting, [illegible] that nineteen of every twenty [illegible] voted will serve to swell their [illegible] poll.

Dickens and Cruikshank.

Some literary gentlemen were lately dining the veteran artist, George Cruikshank, at Edinburg, when an American gentleman present declared it to be his belief that the reputation of Mr. Dickens's early works was in a great degree attributable to the admirable illustrations of this artist accompanying them, whereupon he was assured that Mr. Cruikshank had illustrated one or two only of Mr. Dickens's works. This led to a discussion, which resulted in a wager by the American that Mr. Cruikshank had illustrated no less than six of Mr. Dickens's works. It was taken up by a publisher present, and a note was at once addressed to the artist, at London, explaining the circumstances. A few days afterward the following answer was received disclosing some singular facts in regard to Mr. Dickens. The veracity and honor of the writer cannot admit of a doubt:—

[illegible] Hampstead Road, N. W. (London), November 12, 1870.

Dear Sir: You have lost your wager! for I did not illustrate the works of the late Mr. Dickens to the extent that most people suppose; but I am not surprised at the [illegible] of their being misled; for the other artists employed upon his works imitated my style as closely as possible, and hence the public supposed—as Dickens wrote under the name of "Boz"—that I designed and etched under the name of "Phiz," but who was a very clever artist of the name of Hablot K. Browne. I was, however, the first artist to illustrate any of Mr. Dickens's writings, and the earliest of these was the first volume of "Sketches by Boz" (January 1836), and the next was the second volume under this title, the greater part of which were written from my hints and suggestions. Some time after this Mr. Bentley started his *Miscellany*, appointing Mr. Dickens as editor, and myself as illustrator; and the first plate in that work is a design of [illegible] which Mr. Dickens wrote upto. There was also a woodcut of a Beadle etc. Then followed (1839) "Oliver Twist," which was entirely my own idea and suggestion, and all the characters are mine. And this will account for the fact of "Oliver Twist" being very different from any of his other writings. When Mr. McCrone, the publisher died (he having published the "Sketches by Boz"), a volume was brought out for the benefit of his widow. Mr. Dickens wrote some part of this which I illustrated; and these are all the designs and etchings that I did to illustrate the works of that author. I am preparing to publish an explanation of the reason why I did not illustrate the whole of Mr. Dickens's writings, and this explanation will not till redound to his credit. With respect to the American editions of Mr. Dickens's works, there may be copies of some of my designs therein, but none by the hand of, dear sir, yours truly,

GEORGE CRUIKSHANK.

Two members of the West Virginia Legislature lately took the sleeping cars to go to Grafton. The cars were crowded, and the two had to sleep together. One was fat, the other was lean; the fat man snored and the lean man therefore lay awake. At about midnight the insomnic legislator could no longer stand the stertorous breathing of his mate, and arose and sat by the fire. An old lady entered and wanted a place to sleep. "Go to my berth," said the sardonic lean one; "I left my boy asleep there; I shall sit up. I must think of legislative things." So the lady went to the berth, disposed of useless clothing, and lay down. Presently the "boy" kicked. Then the lady patted him on the back and said, "Lie still, sonny, pa said I might sleep along with you." "Oh ho!" roared the bison—a boy no more but a bison. "Thunder! who are you? I ain't a boy. I'm a member of the West Virginia Legislature." This lady went into a swoon, nor could she be aroused till the fat man promised her that he would have the lean one impeached.

Multnomah Lodge No. 53, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 8 o'clock [illegible] evening of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. C. T.

Portland R. A. Ch. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No. 13 North Front street. By order of H. H. P.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

G. A. R.—Baker Post No. 1.—Regular meetings on First and Third Saturday evenings of each month, at Norpoint Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of POST COMMANDER.

Multnomah Tribe No. 3, I. O. R. M. holds regular Council every Tuesday evening at the Eighth Ens, at Oregon Wigwam, in Parrish's building, corner Washington and Front Streets. By order of THE SACHEM.

U. A. O. D.—Regular meetings of Morvin Grove, No. 2, on Thursday evenings of each week, at 7½ o'clock, in Druid's Hall, Front street, near Stark. Members of Sister Groves and sojourning Brethren are cordially invited to attend. W. N. UTTER, N. A. Daniel Hewit, R. S. [illegible]

Harmony Lodge, No. 13, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M. [illegible]

Samaritan Lodge No. 8, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, Tuesday, March 14, 1871.

Gold at New York, 111¾.

Currency quotations at this city, 89¾c buying and 91c selling.

Exchange on San Francisco—coin, ½ of 1 per cent.; currency, ½ per cent.

Exchange on New York, 1½ per cent.; telegraph transfers, 1½ per cent.

U. S. 5-20 bonds quotable at 108¾@111 for 1862 and 1867.

Rates of interest unchanged, at 12@1½ per cent.

Oregon Bounty and Relief bonds, 85@87½; State warrants, 97@par.

Domestic Produce—Jobbing Prices.

FLOUR—Standard brands, extra, ₩ bbl, $6 50; superfine, $5@5 50; fine, $4 75; good country brands $4.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Good shipping, with sks, $1 25 ₩ bushel; OATS—$1 75 ₩ 100 lbs. BARLEY—$1 50@1 75 ₩ 90 lbs.

FEED—Bran, $20 00 ₩ ton; Middlings $37 50 ₩ ton; Shorts, $27 50 ₩ ton.

HAY—From wagon, $15 00@18 00 ₩ ton; baled, ₩ ton, $13 00.

POTATOES—New, ₩ bushel, 60@75c.

ONIONS—Oregon, ₩ bushel $1 00@1 25. California, per 100 lbs., $3 00.

PROVISIONS—BACON—Sides, 14 cents; hams, 16c; Shoulders, 12@10c; Ba. 64—Sold 35 cts., brine 40.. BEANS—White Pea 3½@4c; Red 2½c; Pink, 3½c; Small White, 3½c; Bayou, 4c; Butter, 4c. Oregon, 10 ₩ cans, 1½@14c; in bulk, 12½c. MESS BEEF—₩ bbl, $15 00. MESS PORK—₩ bbl, $23 50. Oysters Can, 1½@14c; California, 15@18c; Eastern, 20c. EGGS—18@19c ₩ doz. HONEY—₩ lb, 60 65c.

FRUITS, SAUCES, ETC—Dried Apples—1½@8 cts per pound. Grapes—California, per box, $2 00@ 2 50; Raisins, new fresh layers, in boxes, $5 00 in half boxes, $3 25; in qr boxes, $1 65; Currants, ₩ lb, 17c; Canned peaches, 4½@4½; Assorted pie fruits, $4 25; Honey, in tins, $4 00, Green Corn, in cans, $3 25; Lobsters, in tins, $3 50@3 75; Oysters, Pic's, $3 50; McMurray's, $3 00; other brands, $3-75@4 00; Tomato Catsup, in pints, $1 75 in qts, $2 25; Caper Sauce, $3 75@4 00.

HARDWARE AND IRON—Iron Axles, 9½@10½c; Carriage Springs, 12@15; Axe Handles, $4 00@4 75; Pick do $ @$4 50; Sledge do., $3 00@4 00; Hay Knives, 12½c; Axe Paper, $3; Pat. Cross-cut Saws, 7ft, 8@9 00 cts.; Mill do. 9 ft. $1 25@1 75; Anvils, Armitage's, 15; Sledges, cast steel, 20; hollow, 50@55; Inch; Newhouse traps, $3 00@ $24 00; Grindstones, 4½ Cable Chain, 9 to 16, Elimbi Skeins, $3 00@12 00; Scale Beams, 8½ ₩ C; Union Scales, Fairbanks', $13@18 50; Grocers' do. do., $12 50 Iron—Round bar iron, ¾ to 2 inch, 4½c; small bar, 5½@10 Norway shoe shape, 7½; American do., 7; nail rod, 10 Horse Nails—Dublin (hand made), 48@50; Putnam, (pressed), 34@38; Griffin (pressed), 30@33.

MATTING—Oregon, 7 00; parlor, $3 75; California, $2 25.

METALS—Iron—Scotch and English pig portion, boiler sheet, 14 to 20, 7½c; sheet, 24 to 27, 9c; Oregon pig, $41 00 at works. Copper—Sheathing per pound, 40c; do, yellow, 40c; do, bronze, 50; do, old, 16c. Tin Plates—plates, charcoal, IX, per box, $14 50; plates, IC, charcoal, $12; roofing plates, $12 50; ingots tin scabs, ₩ lb, 40c. Steel—English cast steel, ₩ lb, 18c. Lead—Pig, ₩ lb, 9½; sheet, 14c; pipe, 13c; bar, 12. Zinc—Sheets, ₩ lb, 14c. Rabbit Metal, 30@50. Quicksilver, 75c cash.

MOLASSES—Hawaiian molasses, per gal, 35c.

NAILS—Base brands $6 25@6 50 ₩ keg; Fine Finishing, and brads, ₩ 24, Last 50 Fine 40 60; Boat Spikes, $9 00, firm.

NUTS—Almonds, 30@35c; English Walnuts, 11½@12½; Brazil, 20c; Filberts, 20c; Peanuts, 11½@12½c; Pecans 30c.

OILS—Kerosene Oil—Devoe's, 55@60; Pratt's, 60c; Macy's Lamp Island, 55c; Standard, 55c; Downer's, 65; Lard Oil, $1 25; China Nut Oil, $1 30; Polar Oil, 80c; Tanner's Oil, 75c; Neatsfoot Oil, $1 65; Sperm Oil, $2 50. Castor Oil, $2 75; Linseed Oil, $1 15; raw and boiled Dog Fish, 70@75; Turpentine, 70c.

POWDER AND SHOT—At agents' rates.

ROPE—Per lb, 20@22c, firm.

RICE—China, No 1, 9¼@10; Patna, none; Hawaii an, 10@10½c; Batavia, none.

SALMON—Canned, spiced, 2 lb cans ₩ doz $3 50; 4 lb cans, $15; Fresh, 1 lb cans, $2 50; 2lb cans, 3 75; half bbls, $5 00; barrels, $8 00.

SALT—Liverpool fine, 35@36; do. coarse, $27 50; Carmen Island $22 50; Ground Rock, $21 50; Dairy $30@ 35; San Quentin, none; Scammon Lagoon $20.

SALERATUS—Barton's, 8@9c ₩ lb; Rabbit's, 11c.

SODA—Oregon brands, 7@7½c; Colgate, 11½c; Castile, 18c; Cal. brands, 7½@8½c; Enterprise, $1 75.

SODA—Babbitt's, Barton's 8½@9c; sal soda, 4½ @5c; bicarbonate, in kegs, 8c.

SPICES—Cloves, 37½c; Cassia, 40@50; Nutmegs, $1 25@ 1 37½; Mace, $1 40@1 60; Pepper, grain, 25@27½c; Mustard, Cal., $1 75; French Mustard, $2 50@2 75; Pepper, ground, $1 50@1 75; do Cayenne, $1 75; Allspice, grain, 27½@30c; Ginger, ground, $1 50@1 75.

STARCH—Glenfalls, 12½@22c; corn, 15@17; Duryeas, fa 15c; pearl, 12½; Oswego, Kingsfords, 10½@10¾; San Jose, 10@12c.

SUGARS—Sand. Island, 9½@12½c; San Francisco Yellow C., 13½; Golden C., bl bbls, 13½c; Powdered, 16¾@16½; Crushed, in bbls, 16; in half bbls., 16½.

SYRUPS—Extra heavy Golden, bbls., 85@87½; ½ bbls. 90½@95c; kegs, 95@97½c.

TOBACCO—Navy, ₩ lb, 50@60c; Light P. 1, 95@ 100; Atlantic Cable, 85@90½c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, 50@65; Gunpowder and Imperial, $1 25; black, 45@1 00; Japan, in papers, 72½@ 77½c.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE (per cent)—Pails, painted, $3 00@3 50; do Cedar, $4 50@5 00. Tubs, painted, $4 00@4 50; do cedar, $5 00.

WOOLLEN GOODS—Oregon manufacture—*Blankets* gray, No. 1, $9 00. No. 2, $8 50; No. 3, do, $7 00; do, white, No. 1, extra, $12 00; No. 1 $8 50; do., No. 2, $7 00; No. 2, blue, $7 75; No. 2, green, $7 75; Vicunas, No. 1, $11 00; No. 2, $8 00; 6-4 White Flannel, $1 10@1 25; 4-4 White do. 75c; 3-4 White do. 40@45c. Plaid, assorted colors, flannel, 40@45c; Fancy Twilled shirtings, 50@55c; Grey Mixed Shirting 40@45; Hard times, 90c; Grey Doeskin, $1 00; Jeans do. $1 10; Drab Mixed Beaver, 95½c; Fancy Cassimeres $1 00@1 10; Tweeds, 75@85c; Yarns, 31@1 20.

Cattle and Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—Beef cattle, $7@7 50 ₩ cwt net.

SHEEP—Good mutton sheep, $3 25@3 50 ₩ head.

HOGS—On foot 4@4½; dressed 6@6½ cents per pound.

VEAL CALVES—Spring, 8@9c ₩ lb.

EDUCATIONAL.

ST. HELEN'S HALL.

THE NEXT TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BEgin on

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1871,

For admission of Pupils, apply to MISS RODNEY or BISHOP MORRIS, Portland, Oregon.

THE BISHOP SCOTT GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE NEXT TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BEgin on

Wednesday, the 1st of February.

For admission of Pupils, apply to PROF. C. H. ALLEN or BISHOP MORRIS, Portland, Oregon.

PROF. M'CIBENY'S Young Ladies' Class

IN

SINGING, CALESTHENICS AND ELOCUTION.

WILL MEET FOR THE FIRST LESSON ON SATurday, March 4th, at 1 o'clock P. M. The Wednesday Class at 4 P. M.

BOYS' CLASS—First Lesson—on Monday, March 6th at 6 o'clock P. M.

YOUNG MEN'S CLASS—Second Lesson—Monday Evening, at 8 o'clock. mr4dtf

VIRGITEMPS BROTHERS.

OREGON MUSICAL INSTITUTE PHILHARMONIC HALL.

THE THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS OF THE Juvenile Classes in Vocal Music will commence on

Monday Afternoon, March 20, 1871,

At 4½ o'clock.

All new pupils will join those divisions, and will be transferred to the higher classes as soon as they are capable of passing the first examination.

The Pupils' Reading Room will be ready in a few weeks due notice of which will be given.

VIRGITEMPS BROTHERS. mr3dtm20

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY.

Faculty:

REV. S. H. MARSH, D. D., President and Prof. of Intellectual Philosophy,

REV. HORACE LYMAN, A. M., Prof. of Mathematics.

GEO. H. COLLIER, A. M., Prof. of the Natural Sciences.

J. W. MARSH, A. M., Prof. of the Greek and Latin Languages and Literature.

A. J. ANDERSON, A. M., Principal of the Academy.

MISS P. A. WING, Preceptress.

MISS O. A. HASKELL, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

THREE COURSES OF STUDY—the Collegiate, the Scientific and the Ladies' Course are marked out as the best arrangements of study for Pupils. At the same time, in order to make the instructions of the Faculty available to those who for any reason cannot take either of these, irregular courses may be pursued by those desiring it.

The TUITION ranges from $10 to $35 per year.

There are Three Terms, beginning on the First Wednesdays of August, November and February.

The new Boarding House for young Ladies will be ready for use on the First of November.

Board with Furnished Rooms, $3 50 per week.

For particulars address the PRESIDENT. 48:1dtf

Watches and Jewelry.

REMOVED.

JOHN B. MILLER, Watchmaker & Jeweler,

Has removed from the corner of Alder and Front streets, to **93 FIRST ST., in Corbett's Building,** and

HAS JUST RECEIVED PER STEAMER, A SPLENdid selection of Goods suitable for Presents, consisting of Watches and Clocks, Moss Agate, Enamel and Gold Jewelry.

The Largest and Best Assortment of ELGIN and WALTHAM WATCHES in the city, are to be seen at my store.

Sole agent for the Celebrated **Self-Winding** Watches, manufactured by A. LANGE, Dresden, and EDWARD PERREGAUX, of Lock.

The public are invited to call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I can show them a good selection at cheap prices.

WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED in the best workmanlike manner. J. B. MILLER, 1dtf 93 First St., Portland, Oregon.

L. C. HENRICHSEN. C. HANSEN.

L. C. HENRICHSEN & CO., WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS, 109 First Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

DEALERS IN

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

Diamond Setting, Engraving and Enamelling,

Neatly executed in the latest style.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED AND WARRANTED. jel dtf

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF Fine Watches & Rich Silverware!

B. L. STONE,

107 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OREGON.

OFFERS FOR SALE AT REDUCED rates, a fine lot of Howard, Waltham, Elgin, English, and other Gold and Silver Watches. Also, a magnificent assortment of Diamonds, Gold Bracelets, Chains, Guards, Lockets, Finger Rings, Moss Agate sets, Opera and Marine Pebble Spectacles and Eyeglasses, Silver Napkin Rings, Butter Knives, Spoons, etc., etc., and all sorts of ELEGANT CLOCKS, cheap for cash. ja4dtf

Hotels and Restaurants.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL

Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor.

HAVING LEASED THIS NEW AND ELEGANT Hotel, which is built of brick, from bottom. With Family and single rooms. Splendidly furnished for One Hundred and Fifty Guests, and supplied with all the modern improvements for their comfort—fine ventilation, baths, gas, etc. The proprietor trusts that the reputation won for the St. George Hotel in Victoria, B. C., while under his management will be a guarantee to his numerous friends and the public of his purpose and ability to make this house as justly celebrated and worthy of patronage. d2dtf JOHN J. JACOBS.

Cosmopolitan Hotel, FRONT ST.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

ZIEBER & HOLTON, Proprietors.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RE-FURNISHED and re-fitted the above named Hotel, will hereafter conduct it on the

EUROPEAN PLAN.

ROOMS can be had by the Day, Week or Month.

A RESTAURANT in the House under the management of PIERRE MANCIET, late of the Lafayette.

Owing to its location and construction, it is the most desirable Hotel in the City, and we intend KEEPING it as IT OUGHT TO BE KEPT.

Free Coach and Baggage Wagon to and from the Hotel. ZIEBER & HOLTON, Prop'rs.

Office of the Oregon and California Stage Company. o10dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE (LATE LINCOLN HOUSE),

Corner Washington and Front Streets PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. P. W. QUIMBY & C. H. PERKINS, HAVING taken the above House, wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.

FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE. Portland, Feb. 2, 1867. dtf

UNION HOTEL,

HILLSBORO, OREGON,

DANIEL L. TURPIN, Prop'r.

THE ABOVE HOTEL HAS RECENTLY BEEN leased, thoroughly repaired and re-furnished, and is now open to the reception of the traveling public. Good accommodations can be offered to man and beast at low rates.

A liberal share of patronage is solicited. mr11dtm

New York.

CHARLES DIMON.

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FOR

Buying, Selling and Forwarding all kinds of Merchandise.

P. O. Box 4,094. 181 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

Refer to Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Knapp, Burrell & Co., and Easter & Co., Portland; R. M. Wade, Esq., Salem; W. P. Abrams, Dalles. fe24dly

J. M. KEELER. WM. HALSTEAD.

KEELER & HALSTEAD, 45 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY,

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA Isthmus, Bull and Cape Horn, with San Francisco connections all classes and varieties of Merchandise and for sale of Exports from the North-West.

Advances made on approved consignments, and orders respectfully solicited. All orders and business will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank, cor. College Place and Chambers St.; Messrs. A. E. & E. Tilton, 95 Liberty street; Messrs. J. L. Brownell & Bros., Bankers, 28 Broad street; Messrs. Beatty, Miller & Thomas, 34 South street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Bankers, Portland; Hon. R. D. Shattuck, Portland; Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem; A. A. McCully, Esq., Salem. d26dtf

Grocers.

WM. WADHAMS, W. K. LEVERIDGE, WM. MORTON, A. P. EVERETT, Portland. 318 Front St., San Francisco.

LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO R. G. SNEATH,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

LEVERIDGE, EVERETT & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

318 Front St., corner of Commercial, SAN FRANCISCO. dtf

CITY BAKERY AND Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Opposite Lower Steamship Landing

and Corner First and Morrison Streets.

Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.

and all kinds of

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES, Family Groceries,

FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE. ja4dtf

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

Fire Proof Warehouse

For the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J. H. F. U.

Always on hand a full Assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, and Clothing

MECHANICS' MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

Also a large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

ja24dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S Fast Freight Line TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (on 50 pounds or upwards, not less than 45 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows

From Portland to La Grande	15 cents per pound.
" " Union	16 " " "
" " Baker City	18 " " "
" " Eldorado	20 " " "
" " Boise City	22 " " "
" " Idaho City	25 " " "
" " Silver City	27 " " "

WELLS, FARGO & CO. Portland, Feb. 1, 1871 fe14tf

North Ninth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve North Ninth street between Stark and Glisan streets, by grading and laying sidewalks, crosswalks and plank gutters where necessary. W. S. CALDWELL, March 10, 1871. d10t Auditor and Clerk.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fencing and Trees.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, until 12 o'clock M., Friday, March 17, 1871, for furnishing materials and constructing a fence around the Park Blocks lying between A and G streets, and planting Trees in said Parks as provided by Ordinance No. 907.

Bids must state the price per lineal foot for Fencing, including painting (two coats), according to a plan adopted by the Committee.

Bids for Trees must state the price for each variety, and must be for thrifty trees to be warranted to live at least one year, and to be of size to be approved by the Committee.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

L. BESSER, WM. CREE, JOHN M. BRECK, mr14d3t Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Ordinance No. 960.

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING A PLAN FOR THE Bridge on South First street, and limiting the cost thereof.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That in constructing the bridge on South First street between Sheridan street and Williams street, provided for by Ordinance No. 931, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the time and manner of improving that part of South First street lying between the south side of Lincoln street and the north side of Woods street," the Committee on Streets and Public Property shall follow and have said bridge constructed substantially in accordance with the plan on file in the office of the Auditor and Clerk, and said plan designated as Plan "A," but such bridge shall be extended further upon both banks of the gulch, a distance not exceeding fifteen feet at each end.

Sec. 2. No contract shall be made for the construction of said bridge at a cost greater than thirty-five hundred dollars unless the excess over that amount shall first be secured by private contribution.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1871.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 4, 1871. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

mr14d3t

Ordinance No. 961.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE IMprovement of E street, from North First to North Eleventh street.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of E street from North First to North Eleventh street, shall consist of the planting of Ornamental Trees, to be placed at such distance from the line of the curb as is provided for in Ordinance No. 910, and at a distance not greater than twenty-five feet apart apposite the line of the blocks; and said improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property, on or before the 1st day of April, A. D. 1871.

Section 2. The Shade Trees hereinbefore mentioned shall consist of one or more of the following named varieties, to-wit: Maple, Elm, Ash, Locust, Fir or Cedar.

Section 3. The contractor or contractors shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or exercise occasioned by carelessness or neglect.

Section 4. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for proposals, receive bids and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this ordinance.

Sect on 5. The bids provided for in this ordinance shall contain separate bids for each variety of the trees before mentioned, and the Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to select such variety of trees as they may deem best for each block on said street.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1871.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 4, 1871. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

The following entitled Ordinances are of the same tenor and date as the foregoing:

No. 962.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Street, from North Second to North Eleventh street.

No. 963.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of D street, from North Front to North Eleventh street.

No. 964.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of O street, from North Front to North Eleventh street.

No. 965.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of B street, from North Front to North Twelfth street.

No. 966.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Pine street, from First to Seventh street.

No. 967.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Oak street, from First to East Park street.

No. 968.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Sherlock street, from Second to Tenth street.

No. 969.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Yamhill street, from Second to Twelfth street.

No. 970.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Main street, from Second to Twelfth street. mr14d5t

Ordinance No. 971.

AN ORDINANCE FOR THE CONstruction of a sewer at the crossing of Lincoln and Front streets.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That a sewer be constructed at the crossing of Lincoln and Front street of sufficient length and capacity to carry off the surplus water. The length and size of said sewer shall be determined by the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Sec. 2. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized upon the completion of plans and specifications for said sewer, to advertise for and receive proposals and contract with the lowest responsible bidder for the construction of said sewer.

Section 3. The proposed improvement shall be completed on or before the first day of April, A. D. 1871, and the work shall be done to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Passed the Common Council March 8, 1871.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 9, 1871. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor. mr14d3t

City Tax Notice.

THE CITY TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1871 ARE now due, and the list is in my hands for collection. All Taxes not paid within 30 days from the date of this notice will be subject to delinquent. Taxes will be received at Room, No. 5, Corbett's Building, from 9 o'clock A. M, till 4 P. M.

EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS, Portland, 13th March, 1871. City Treasurer. mr13d1m

Ordinance No. 957.

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE IMprovement of the Park Blocks in John H. Couch's Addition to the City of Portland.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of the public park lying between O street and the street shall consist of fencing and planting of ornamental and shade trees and shall be completed on or before the first day of April next.

Section 2. The proposed fence shall be constructed of cedar posts driven set, ten feet apart, extending at least two and a half feet below the surface of the ground and four feet above the established grade of the Blocks, and shall be connected by two rails two by four inches in dimension; the size of the posts and general finish of the fence shall be such as shall be adopted by the Committee on Streets on Public Property.

Section 3. The proposed fence shall be painted in a good and substantial manner, of such color as shall be approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Section 4. The shade and ornamental trees before mentioned shall consist of the varieties, and shall be placed at such distances apart as shall be directed by the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Section 5. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder for the faithful performance of the before mentioned work.

Section 6. The improvement herein specified shall be completed under the supervision and to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1871.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 4, 1871. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor. mr11d5t

Ordinance No. 958.

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE APPOINTment of a Clerk to the Police Court and fixing his compensation.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Police Judge is hereby authorized to appoint a Clerk of the Police Court, to continue in office during the pleasure of the Police Judge.

Section 2. The Clerk of the Police Court shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars per annum, payable monthly.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1871.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 4, 1871. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor. mr11d5t

Ordinance No. 959.

AN ORDINANCE TO SUPPRESS BAWDY HOUSES.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows.

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to open, set up, or keep within the corporate limits of the city of Portland any bawdy house.

Sec. 2. And person who shall open, set up, or keep within the corporate limits of the city of Portland, any bawdy house, or who shall knowingly aid or assist in setting up or keeping any bawdy house,